

GSE 804

Ecological Processes

S1 Evening 2014

Dept of Environment & Geography

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General Information

Unit convenor and teaching staff

Unit Convenor

Jessica Boomer

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Credit points

4

Prerequisites

GSE803

Corequisites

Co-badged status

Unit description

Principles, applications and implications of ecological knowledge are explored in this unit which covers the science of ecology and current concepts about how natural systems are organised. Global and Australian examples are used. The central theme is how processes operating in nature produce patterns in ecosystems, and how these processes both facilitate and constrain the interactions between humankind and the planet. Note: permission to complete the unit without completion of GSE803 as a prerequisite will only be granted if the student has completed a science-based degree.

Important Academic Dates

Information about important academic dates including deadlines for withdrawing from units are available at https://www.mq.edu.au/study/calendar-of-dates

Learning Outcomes

On successful completion of this unit, you will be able to:

Demonstrate a capacity for undertaking independent research into key topics in ecology Demonstrate a familiarity with ecological principles in presentations and discussions Demonstrate an appreciation of the complexity of natural systems in interpreting ecological patterns and their underlying processes

Identify how underlying ecological processes influence appropriate environmental decision-making

Assessment Tasks

Name	Weighting	Due
Journal club	35%	TBA
Short paper	25%	11 April
Essay	40%	13 June

Journal club

Due: TBA

Weighting: 35%

Ecology relies heavily on getting information out to other interested parties and the public, be this your family and friends, school children, at a conference, to the media, to your industry stakeholder, to your granting body, government ministers and advisors or the general public. Part of this course, therefore, involves a 15-20 minute talk on the contents of your journal club paper to your peers and staff during the evening classes. Assessment is based on your individual presentation and your participation in the class discussions on all journal club presentations.

Your paper presentation can be loaded onto a class computer where you will need to present it. Talks will be timed. The class will be allowed to ask questions and provide feedback. However, the unit convenor and staff (not the class) will decide on the formal marks for each talk. Good presentations will have a comprehensive understanding of the topic and will speak and participate equally during the presentation.

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Short paper

Due: 11 April Weighting: 25% This 2000 word paper will be assessed based on your demonstrated understanding of the problem, your use of available literature, and your written communication skills. You have a choice of two topics for this paper.

EITHER

Conservation biologists generally agree that landscape connectivity enhances population viability and that until fairly recently most species lived in well-connected landscapes. Because human activities such as urbanisation often sever natural connections, habitat corridors have been suggested as a means of retaining some connectivity between pockets of appropriate habitat. Corridors are frequently cited as of value both for reserve design and allocation and in particular in the urban bush context. However, there is a considerable argument as to whether corridors do indeed enhance population viability. Review the evidence for and against corridors and then discuss how you would empirically test this proposition for three endangered species of Australian flora and/or fauna.

OR

Australia has numerous plants and animals which are considered pests. Most of them were introduced after European settlement, either deliberately or by accident, including some brought in to assist with the control of other nuisance species. Choose one plant and one animal pest and discuss the following:

How and why the species were introduced

What factors contributed to their successful establishment

What were the environmental and economic impacts of the introduction

Discuss pros and cons of the methods used to control these species

On successful completion you will be able to:

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Essay

Due: **13 June** Weighting: **40%**

Choose an environmental topic from the list below (or suggest a suitable alternative but discuss with the unit convenor before proceeding with it) and write an examination of how the theoretical side of ecology relates to the practice of tackling that problem or issue. Your essay should not exceed 2500 words in length. This will allow you to examine at least one ecological topic in depth. Remember to explicitly link principles to applications. Also, be sure to set out the problem and your approach in the introduction of your essay. Your essay will be assessed based on your demonstrated understanding of the problem or issue, your ability to logically link principles to applications, your use of available literature, and your written communication skills.

Suggested topics:

Effects of a particular type of pollution on natural assemblages.

Conservation biology, especially with regard to the role of interactions between species.

Stock-recruitment relationships and harvesting in fisheries.

Introduction of exotic species across natural barriers of oceans and landmasses.

Habitat fragmentation and landscape ecology.

Ecosystem rehabilitation and reconstruction.

Ecological effects of the release of genetically engineered organisms.

Biological control of pests.

Strategies of biological monitoring.

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Delivery and Resources

Information

Technology	Students will need access to a computer and basic office software (eg. Microsoft Office or OpenOffice) to complete assessment tasks. An Internet browser will also be used to search for background information, for assignments and the weekly discussion group
Lecture location and time	EMC Monday 6:30-9:30 pm
Information	ilearn
Changes since the last offering of this unit	None

Other material There is no set text for this unit. The following lists some useful references.

Attiwill, P. & B. Wilson, *Ecology: an Australian perspective*. Oxford University Press, New York. 648 pp.

Begon, M., J.L. Harper & C.R. Townsend 1996. *Ecology: individuals, populations and communities*. 3rd ed., Blackwell, Oxford. 945 pp.

Begon, M., M. Mortimer & D.J. Thompson. 1996. *Population ecology: a unified study of animals and plants*. 3rd ed., Blackwell, Oxford.

Burgman, M. and Lindenmayer, D. (1998): *Conservation Biology for the Australian Environment*. Surrey Beatty & Sons, Sydney

Ehrlich, P.R. & J. Roughgarden 1987. *The science of ecology*. MacMillan, New York. 710 pp.

Krebs, C.J. 1994. *Ecology: the experimental analysis of distribution and abundance*. 4th ed., Harper, New York. 800 pp.

Magurran, A. E. 2004. *Measuring Biological Diversity*. 1st ed. Blackwell Science, Massachusetts

Townsend, C. R., J. Harper, & M. Begon (2000) *Essentials of Ecology*, 1st ed. Blackwell Science, Massachusetts

Pechenik, J.A. 2009 *A short guide to writing about biology*. Longman: New York. 288p.

Unit Schedule

Wk	Date	Lectures 2014	Journal Club
1	March 3	What is ecology?	
2	March 10	Distributions	
3	March 17	Populations	Journal club / class discussion
4	March 24	Communities	Journal club / class discussion

5	March 31	Species Interactions	Journal club / class discussion
6	April 7	Nutrient cycling & energy flows	Journal club / class discussion
Mid-semester Break			
7	April 28	Biological Invasions	Journal club / class discussion
8	May 5	Wildlife control & harvest	Journal club / class discussion
9	May 12	Nature conservation	Journal club / class discussion
10	May 19	Restoration ecology	Journal club / class discussion
11	May 26	Molecular Ecology	Journal club / class discussion
12	June 2	Ecosystem Monitoring	Journal club / class discussion
13	June 9	Public Holiday No lecture	

Policies and Procedures

Macquarie University policies and procedures are accessible from <u>Policy Central</u>. Students should be aware of the following policies in particular with regard to Learning and Teaching:

Academic Honesty Policy http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/academic_honesty/policy.ht ml

Assessment Policy http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/assessment/policy.html

Grading Policy http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/grading/policy.html

Grade Appeal Policy http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/gradeappeal/policy.html

Grievance Management Policy http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/grievance_management/policy.html

Disruption to Studies Policy http://www.mq.edu.au/policy/docs/disruption_studies/p

olicy.html The Disruption to Studies Policy is effective from March 3 2014 and replaces the Special Consideration Policy.

In addition, a number of other policies can be found in the <u>Learning and Teaching Category</u> of Policy Central.

Student Code of Conduct

Macquarie University students have a responsibility to be familiar with the Student Code of Conduct: https://students.mq.edu.au/support/student_conduct/

Student Support

Macquarie University provides a range of support services for students. For details, visit http://students.mq.edu.au/support/

Learning Skills

Learning Skills (mq.edu.au/learningskills) provides academic writing resources and study strategies to improve your marks and take control of your study.

- Workshops
- StudyWise
- Academic Integrity Module for Students
- · Ask a Learning Adviser

Student Services and Support

Students with a disability are encouraged to contact the <u>Disability Service</u> who can provide appropriate help with any issues that arise during their studies.

Student Enquiries

For all student enquiries, visit Student Connect at ask.mq.edu.au

IT Help

For help with University computer systems and technology, visit http://informatics.mq.edu.au/hel
p/.

When using the University's IT, you must adhere to the <u>Acceptable Use Policy</u>. The policy applies to all who connect to the MQ network including students.

Graduate Capabilities

PG - Discipline Knowledge and Skills

Our postgraduates will be able to demonstrate a significantly enhanced depth and breadth of knowledge, scholarly understanding, and specific subject content knowledge in their chosen fields.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

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PG - Critical, Analytical and Integrative Thinking

Our postgraduates will be capable of utilising and reflecting on prior knowledge and experience, of applying higher level critical thinking skills, and of integrating and synthesising learning and knowledge from a range of sources and environments. A characteristic of this form of thinking is the generation of new, professionally oriented knowledge through personal or group-based critique of practice and theory.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- · Demonstrate a familiarity with ecological principles in presentations and discussions
- Demonstrate an appreciation of the complexity of natural systems in interpreting ecological patterns and their underlying processes
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PG - Research and Problem Solving Capability

Our postgraduates will be capable of systematic enquiry; able to use research skills to create new knowledge that can be applied to real world issues, or contribute to a field of study or practice to enhance society. They will be capable of creative questioning, problem finding and problem solving.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

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PG - Effective Communication

Our postgraduates will be able to communicate effectively and convey their views to different social, cultural, and professional audiences. They will be able to use a variety of technologically supported media to communicate with empathy using a range of written, spoken or visual formats.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcome

· Demonstrate a familiarity with ecological principles in presentations and discussions

PG - Engaged and Responsible, Active and Ethical Citizens

Our postgraduates will be ethically aware and capable of confident transformative action in relation to their professional responsibilities and the wider community. They will have a sense of connectedness with others and country and have a sense of mutual obligation. They will be able to appreciate the impact of their professional roles for social justice and inclusion related to national and global issues

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- · Demonstrate a familiarity with ecological principles in presentations and discussions
- Demonstrate an appreciation of the complexity of natural systems in interpreting ecological patterns and their underlying processes
- Identify how underlying ecological processes influence appropriate environmental decision-making

PG - Capable of Professional and Personal Judgment and Initiative

Our postgraduates will demonstrate a high standard of discernment and common sense in their professional and personal judgment. They will have the ability to make informed choices and decisions that reflect both the nature of their professional work and their personal perspectives.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Demonstrate a capacity for undertaking independent research into key topics in ecology
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