



# PHYS149

## Physics for Life Sciences

S1 Day 2016

*Dept of Physics and Astronomy*

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### Disclaimer

Macquarie University has taken all reasonable measures to ensure the information in this publication is accurate and up-to-date. However, the information may change or become out-dated as a result of change in University policies, procedures or rules. The University reserves the right to make changes to any information in this publication without notice. Users of this publication are advised to check the website version of this publication [or the relevant faculty or department] before acting on any information in this publication.

## General Information

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Credit points

3

Prerequisites

(HSC Mathematics Band 4-6 or Extension 1 Band E2-E4 or Extension 2) or MATH130 or MATH123(HD)

Corequisites

Co-badged status

Unit description

This unit develops a conceptual and quantitative approach to key physics topics including: waves, light and sound; electricity; forces and motion; and thermodynamics, with illustrations of these topics using biological or technological applications. It teaches students to apply their knowledge of science to solve problems; to think and reason logically and creatively; and to communicate effectively. The key role of modelling in understanding and describing the natural world is supported by a development of the basic techniques of physical measurements, data analysis and verification of models. Written communication skills for laboratory report writing, and problem-solving techniques, are emphasised throughout the unit.

## Important Academic Dates

Information about important academic dates including deadlines for withdrawing from units are available at <https://www.mq.edu.au/study/calendar-of-dates>

## Learning Outcomes

On successful completion of this unit, you will be able to:

Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).

Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.

Using the tools, methodologies, language, conventions of physics to test and communicate ideas and explanations. Topic content, laboratories and tutorial/assignment problems provide opportunities to build an understanding of how to test and communicate physics ideas and explanations.

To be responsible, critically reflective, self-directed and motivated learners. The nature of the tutorials, tutorial problems, assessment tasks and examination are all designed to develop students as self-learners who know their own learning styles.

Using a range of measurement and data analysis tools to collect and analyse data with appropriate precision. The unit includes a comprehensive laboratory component to build this capability. This involves understanding the physics of the problem, performing the measurements (with an awareness of uncertainties), and analysing the results (including computer-based processing and presentation).

## General Assessment Information

Satisfactory performance in all the following Assessment Tasks of this Unit is a requirement for a passing grade.

## Assessment Tasks

Name	Weighting	Due
<u>Tutorial Quizzes</u>	20%	Weeks 2 - 12
<u>Lab sessions</u>	15%	Specified weeks
<u>Mid-Semester Exam</u>	20%	Tues, 26th April
<u>Final examination</u>	45%	As timetabled

## Tutorial Quizzes

Due: **Weeks 2 - 12**

Weighting: **20%**

Tutorials start in week 2. In each tutorial you will work with a tutor on selected problems that cover the lecture material of the previous week.

At some point during each tutorial (starting in week 3 until week 13), you will be asked to solve a slightly modified version of one of the problems from last week's tutorial. You will be asked to hand in your completed work which will be marked and returned to you for feedback. Each individual mark will contribute 2% to your total mark.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).

- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.
- Using the tools, methodologies, language, conventions of physics to test and communicate ideas and explanations. Topic content, laboratories and tutorial/assignment problems provide opportunities to build an understanding of how to test and communicate physics ideas and explanations.
- To be responsible, critically reflective, self-directed and motivated learners. The nature of the tutorials, tutorial problems, assessment tasks and examination are all designed to develop students as self-learners who know their own learning styles.

## Lab sessions

Due: **Specified weeks**

Weighting: **15%**

You complete 8 weeks of laboratory work (3 hours per week) during the weeks specified in the 'Delivery and Resources' section. During these sessions, you gain an introduction to measurement techniques and equipment, and to data analysis and you also complete four specific experiments chosen from the list.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).
- Using the tools, methodologies, language, conventions of physics to test and communicate ideas and explanations. Topic content, laboratories and tutorial/assignment problems provide opportunities to build an understanding of how to test and communicate physics ideas and explanations.
- Using a range of measurement and data analysis tools to collect and analyse data with appropriate precision. The unit includes a comprehensive laboratory component to build this capability. This involves understanding the physics of the problem, performing the measurements (with an awareness of uncertainties), and analysing the results (including computer-based processing and presentation).

## Mid-Semester Exam

Due: **Tues, 26th April**

Weighting: **20%**

This will be a 1-hour closed-book exam that will be held during normal lecture time. (NB. You will need to bring a scientific calculator to assist in answering some questions.)

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).
- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.
- Using the tools, methodologies, language, conventions of physics to test and communicate ideas and explanations. Topic content, laboratories and tutorial/assignment problems provide opportunities to build an understanding of how to test and communicate physics ideas and explanations.

## Final examination

Due: **As timetabled**

Weighting: **45%**

This will be a 3-hour closed-book exam. You are expected to present yourself for the final examination at the time and place designated in the University examination timetable. It is assumed that you will have a scientific calculator to complete some questions. The timetable will be available in draft form approximately eight weeks before the commencement of examinations and in final form approximately four weeks before the commencement of examinations.

The only exception to not sitting the examination at the designated time is because of documented illness or unavoidable disruption. In these circumstances you may wish to apply for Special Consideration (see 'Special Consideration' in this Guide).

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).
- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems

from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.

- Using the tools, methodologies, language, conventions of physics to test and communicate ideas and explanations. Topic content, laboratories and tutorial/assignment problems provide opportunities to build an understanding of how to test and communicate physics ideas and explanations.
- To be responsible, critically reflective, self-directed and motivated learners. The nature of the tutorials, tutorial problems, assessment tasks and examination are all designed to develop students as self-learners who know their own learning styles.

## Delivery and Resources

### Required Text

Physics 10e, JD Cutnell and KW Johnson, John Wiley, 10th edition, 2015, ISBN 9781118486894 OR E-Text, ISBN 9781118899175 (also Binder version).

For completing practical work, a series of Experimental Notes will be available in iLearn.

### Teaching Strategy

PHYS149 consists of lectures, tutorials, laboratory sessions and assessment including assignments, laboratory reports and formal exams.

You are expected to attend all lectures. Any announcements relating to the course are made during lectures. If there are unavoidable timetable clashes, you can listen to the echo recording of each lecture, accessed from the course site.

**Attendance at tutorials is compulsory.**

You should spend an average of 9 hours per week (for 18 weeks) studying the unit.

### Laboratory (Lab) Sessions

The laboratory will operate in E7B.114, commencing week 1. Access to the laboratory at other times may be possible by arrangement. The first half comprises Skills Units involving tutorials on experimental practice. (See Schedule below). In the second half, you will be assigned an experiment each week for 4 weeks according to a roster. Each experiment requires one 3-hour laboratory session.

**Lab sessions are compulsory.**

The laboratory work is designed to introduce you to some of the basic skills and techniques that are used in experimental physical science, and forms an important component of your learning in PHYS149.

All your work must be recorded directly into your laboratory notebook. Your laboratory notebook will be assessed by one of the demonstrators at the end of each session. Your laboratory notebook stays with the laboratory throughout the semester. You will be assessed on both, the

actual content of your report as well as on its style. Further details of the laboratory assessment will be outlined in the first session. Detailed instructions for writing a physics laboratory report will be posted on iLearn. It's your responsibility to check that all your marks have been entered correctly. If there are any errors or omissions, please let the supervising demonstrator know to get it resolved.

The laboratory component of the unit is compulsory and all experiments must be successfully completed to pass the unit overall. Only under exceptional circumstances will extra catch up sessions be organised; you are responsible for ensuring that you complete all experiments as required during your registered laboratory class.

You should have a scientific calculator for use during the laboratory sessions.

## Lab Safety

Safe practices in the laboratory are to be strictly observed. You must wear enclosed footwear to the laboratory. In the first week, there is a Safety Induction that is required by State Occupational Health and Safety legislation. Our teaching laboratories can be closed down if we permit any breaches. No one wearing inadequate footwear will gain entry to the lab. Food and drink cannot be taken into the laboratory. Exclusion from a laboratory session for violation of these requirements will be treated as absence without legitimate cause.

## Schedule of Lab Work

### **Week    Lab**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 | Safety Induction to the Lab (must be completed before lab work can begin) |
| 2 | Skills 1 - Week 1 Measurement and Uncertainties                           |
| 3 | Skills 2 - Week 2 Graphing and Computer-based Graphing                    |
| 4 | Skills 3 – Digital Oscilloscopes  |
| 5 | No Lab  |
| 6 | Skills Unit 4 – DC circuits   |

Mid semester break

Mid semester break

- |    |                           |
|----|---------------------------|
| 7  | No Lab                    |
| 8  | Skills 5 - Report Writing |
| 9  | Experiments               |
| 10 | Experiments               |
| 11 | Experiments               |
| 12 | Experiments               |
| 13 | No Lab                    |



## Lab experiments

- Introduction to Graphs (Linear and non-linear)
- Direct Current, Voltage and resistance
- Digital Oscilloscopes
- Measurement of Acceleration due to Gravity
- Physics of Human Arm
- Energy and Power
- Optical Interference
- Standing Waves
- Ultrasonic Waves
- Radioactivity
- Determination of  $\gamma = C_p / C_v$  for Air

## Unit Schedule

### Detailed Topic Outline

Chapters and Sections of Textbook covered in the Lectures

#### **Introduction and Mathematical Concepts (Chapter 1)**

Section 1.1 The nature of physics

Sections 1.2, 1.3 Units

Sections 1.5-1.8 Vectors

#### **Kinematics in One Dimension (Chapter 2)**

Section 2.1 Displacement

Section 2.2 Speed and velocity

Section 2.3 Acceleration

Sections 2.4 - 2.5 Equations of kinematics for constant acceleration and applications

Section 2.6 Freely falling bodies

Section 2.7 Graphical analysis of velocity and acceleration

#### **Forces and Newton's Laws of Motion (Chapter 4)**

Section 4.1 Concepts of force and mass

Section 4.2 Newton's first law of motion

Sections 4.3 - 4.4 Newton's second law of motion

Section 4.5 Newton's third law of motion

Sections 4.6 – 4.9 Types of forces: gravitational force, frictional forces and normal force

Sections 4.11- 4.12 Applications of Newton's laws of motion

### **Rotational Dynamics (Chapter 9)**

Section 9.1 The Action of Forces and Torques on Rigid Objects

Section 9.2 Rigid Objects in Equilibrium

### **Work and Energy (Chapter 6)**

Section 6.1 Work done by constant force

Section 6.2 Work-energy theorem and kinetic energy

Section 6.3 Gravitational potential energy

Section 6.4 Conservative and non-conservative forces

Section 6.5 Conservation of mechanical energy

Section 6.6 Non-conservative forces and the work-energy theorem

Section 6.7 Power

Section 6.8 Other forms of energy and the conservation of energy

### **Fluids. (Chapter 11)**

Section 11.1 Mass density

Section 11.2 Pressure

Section 11.3 Pressure and depth in a static fluid

Section 11.4 Pressure gauges

Section 11.5 Pascal's principle

Section 11.6 Archimedes' Principle

Section 11.7 Fluids in motion

Section 11.8 Equation of continuity

Section 11.9 –11.10 Bernoulli's equation and applications

### **Heat. (Chapter 12)**

Section 12.1- 12.2 Temperature scales

Section 12.3 Thermometers

Section 12.6 Heat and internal energy

Section 12.7 Heat and temperature change

Section 12.8 Heat and phase change

### **Heat transfer. (Chapter 13)**

Section 13.1 Convection

Section 13.2 Conduction

Section 13.3 Radiation

Section 13.4 Applications

### **Thermodynamics. (Chapter 15)**

Section 15.1 Thermodynamic systems and surroundings

Section 15.2 Zeroth law of thermodynamics

Section 15.3 First law of thermodynamics

Section 15.7 Second law of thermodynamics

Section 15.8 Heat Engines

Section 15.10 Refrigerators, air-conditioners and heat pumps

### **Electricity. (Chapter 18)**

Section 18.1 and 18.2 Introduction and charged objects

Section 18.5 Coulomb's Law

Section 18.6 Electric field

### **Electric potential. (Chapter 19)**

Section 19.1. Potential energy

Section 19.2 Electric potential difference

**Electric circuits. (Chapter 20)**

Section 20.1 Electromotive force and current

Section 20.2 Ohm's law

Section 20.3 Resistance and resistivity

Section 20.4 Electric power

Section 20.5 Alternating current

**Electric circuits. (Chapter 20)**

Section 20.6 Series wiring

Section 20.7 Parallel wiring

Section 20.8 Circuits partially in series and partially in parallel

Section 20.11 Measurement of current and voltage

Section 20.14 Safety and the physiological effects of current

**Waves and Sound. (Chapter 16)**

Section 16.1 Nature of waves

Section 16.2 Periodic waves

Section 16.3 Speed of a wave on a string

Section 16.4 Mathematical description of a wave

Section 16.5 Nature of sound

Section 16.6 Speed of sound

Sections 16.7 – 16.8 Sound intensity and dB

Section 16.9 Doppler effect

Section 16.10 Applications of sound in medicine

**Superposition and Interference. (Chapter 17)**

Section 17.1 Principle of linear superposition

Section 17.2 Constructive and destructive interference of sound waves

Section 17.3 Diffraction

Section 17.4 Beats

Section 17.5 Transverse standing waves

Section 17.6 Longitudinal standing waves

**Electromagnetic waves. (Chapter 24)**

Section 24.1 Nature of electromagnetic waves

Section 24.2 Electromagnetic spectrum

Section 24.3 Speed of light

Section 24.5 Energy carried by electromagnetic waves

Section 24.6 Doppler effect and electromagnetic waves

Section 24.6 Polarization

**Refraction of Light: Lenses and Optical Instruments. (Chapter 26)**

Section 26.1 Index of refraction

Section 26.2 Snell's law and refraction of light

Section 26.3 Total internal reflection

Section 26.4 Polarization and reflection and refraction of light

Section 26.5 Dispersion of light

Section 26.6 –26.7 Lenses and formation of images by lenses

Section 26.8 Thin lens equation and magnification equation

Section 26.9 Lenses in combination

Section 26.10 Human eye

Section 26.11 Angular magnification and magnifying glass

Section 26.12 Compound microscope

Section 26.14 Lens aberrations

**Interference and Wave Nature of Light. (Chapter 27)**

Section 27.1 Principle of linear superposition

Section 27.2 Young's double slit experiment

Section 27.5 Diffraction

Section 27.6 Resolving power

**Nature of the Atom. (Chapter 30)**

Section 30.2 Line spectra

Section 30.3 Bohr model of the hydrogen atom

Section 30.6 Pauli exclusion principle and the periodic table of the elements

Section 30.7 X-rays

### **Nuclear Physics and Radioactivity. (Chapter 31)**

Section 31.1 Nuclear structure

Section 31.2 Strong nuclear force and stability of the nucleus

Section 31.3 Mass defect of the nucleus and nuclear binding energy

Sections 31.4 and 31.6 Radioactivity and radioactive decay

### **Ionizing Radiation. Elementary Particles(Chapter 32)**

Section 32.1 Biological effects of ionizing radiation

## **Policies and Procedures**

Macquarie University policies and procedures are accessible from [Policy Central](#). Students should be aware of the following policies in particular with regard to Learning and Teaching:

Academic Honesty Policy [http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/academic\\_honesty/policy.html](http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/academic_honesty/policy.html)

**New Assessment Policy in effect from Session 2 2016** [http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/assessment/policy\\_2016.html](http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/assessment/policy_2016.html). For more information visit [http://students.mq.edu.au/events/2016/07/19/new\\_assessment\\_policy\\_in\\_place\\_from\\_session\\_2/](http://students.mq.edu.au/events/2016/07/19/new_assessment_policy_in_place_from_session_2/)

Assessment Policy prior to Session 2 2016 <http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/assessment/policy.html>

Grading Policy prior to Session 2 2016 <http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/grading/policy.html>

Grade Appeal Policy <http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/gradeappeal/policy.html>

Complaint Management Procedure for Students and Members of the Public [http://www.mq.edu.au/policy/docs/complaint\\_management/procedure.html](http://www.mq.edu.au/policy/docs/complaint_management/procedure.html)

Disruption to Studies Policy [http://www.mq.edu.au/policy/docs/disruption\\_studies/policy.html](http://www.mq.edu.au/policy/docs/disruption_studies/policy.html) *The Disruption to Studies Policy is effective from March 3 2014 and replaces the Special Consideration Policy.*

In addition, a number of other policies can be found in the [Learning and Teaching Category](#) of Policy Central.

## **Student Code of Conduct**

Macquarie University students have a responsibility to be familiar with the Student Code of Conduct: [https://students.mq.edu.au/support/student\\_conduct/](https://students.mq.edu.au/support/student_conduct/)

## Results

Results shown in *iLearn*, or released directly by your Unit Convenor, are not confirmed as they are subject to final approval by the University. Once approved, final results will be sent to your student email address and will be made available in [eStudent](#). For more information visit [ask.mq.edu.au](#).

## Student Support

Macquarie University provides a range of support services for students. For details, visit <http://students.mq.edu.au/support/>

## Learning Skills

Learning Skills ([mq.edu.au/learningskills](http://mq.edu.au/learningskills)) provides academic writing resources and study strategies to improve your marks and take control of your study.

- [Workshops](#)
- [StudyWise](#)
- [Academic Integrity Module for Students](#)
- [Ask a Learning Adviser](#)

[Suggestions for exam preparation](#)

## Student Services and Support

Students with a disability are encouraged to contact the [Disability Service](#) who can provide appropriate help with any issues that arise during their studies.

## Student Enquiries

For all student enquiries, visit Student Connect at [ask.mq.edu.au](http://ask.mq.edu.au)

## IT Help

For help with University computer systems and technology, visit [http://www.mq.edu.au/about\\_us/offices\\_and\\_units/information\\_technology/help/](http://www.mq.edu.au/about_us/offices_and_units/information_technology/help/).

When using the University's IT, you must adhere to the [Acceptable Use of IT Resources Policy](#). The policy applies to all who connect to the MQ network including students.

## Graduate Capabilities

### Creative and Innovative

Our graduates will also be capable of creative thinking and of creating knowledge. They will be imaginative and open to experience and capable of innovation at work and in the community. We want them to be engaged in applying their critical, creative thinking.

This graduate capability is supported by:

## Learning outcomes

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).
- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.

## Assessment tasks

- Tutorial Quizzes
- Mid-Semester Exam
- Final examination

## Capable of Professional and Personal Judgement and Initiative

We want our graduates to have emotional intelligence and sound interpersonal skills and to demonstrate discernment and common sense in their professional and personal judgement. They will exercise initiative as needed. They will be capable of risk assessment, and be able to handle ambiguity and complexity, enabling them to be adaptable in diverse and changing environments.

This graduate capability is supported by:

## Learning outcomes

- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.
- To be responsible, critically reflective, self-directed and motivated learners. The nature of the tutorials, tutorial problems, assessment tasks and examination are all designed to develop students as self-learners who know their own learning styles.

## Assessment tasks

- Tutorial Quizzes
- Lab sessions

## Commitment to Continuous Learning

Our graduates will have enquiring minds and a literate curiosity which will lead them to pursue



knowledge for its own sake. They will continue to pursue learning in their careers and as they participate in the world. They will be capable of reflecting on their experiences and relationships with others and the environment, learning from them, and growing - personally, professionally and socially.

This graduate capability is supported by:

## **Learning outcomes**

- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.
- To be responsible, critically reflective, self-directed and motivated learners. The nature of the tutorials, tutorial problems, assessment tasks and examination are all designed to develop students as self-learners who know their own learning styles.

## **Assessment tasks**

- Tutorial Quizzes
- Lab sessions
- Mid-Semester Exam
- Final examination

## **Discipline Specific Knowledge and Skills**

Our graduates will take with them the intellectual development, depth and breadth of knowledge, scholarly understanding, and specific subject content in their chosen fields to make them competent and confident in their subject or profession. They will be able to demonstrate, where relevant, professional technical competence and meet professional standards. They will be able to articulate the structure of knowledge of their discipline, be able to adapt discipline-specific knowledge to novel situations, and be able to contribute from their discipline to inter-disciplinary solutions to problems.

This graduate capability is supported by:

## **Learning outcomes**

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).
- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine

the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.

- Using the tools, methodologies, language, conventions of physics to test and communicate ideas and explanations. Topic content, laboratories and tutorial/assignment problems provide opportunities to build an understanding of how to test and communicate physics ideas and explanations.
- Using a range of measurement and data analysis tools to collect and analyse data with appropriate precision. The unit includes a comprehensive laboratory component to build this capability. This involves understanding the physics of the problem, performing the measurements (with an awareness of uncertainties), and analysing the results (including computer-based processing and presentation).

## **Assessment tasks**

- Tutorial Quizzes
- Lab sessions
- Mid-Semester Exam
- Final examination

## **Critical, Analytical and Integrative Thinking**

We want our graduates to be capable of reasoning, questioning and analysing, and to integrate and synthesise learning and knowledge from a range of sources and environments; to be able to critique constraints, assumptions and limitations; to be able to think independently and systemically in relation to scholarly activity, in the workplace, and in the world. We want them to have a level of scientific and information technology literacy.

This graduate capability is supported by:

## **Learning outcomes**

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).
- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.
- Using the tools, methodologies, language, conventions of physics to test and communicate ideas and explanations. Topic content, laboratories and tutorial/assignment problems provide opportunities to build an understanding of how to test and communicate physics ideas and explanations.

- Using a range of measurement and data analysis tools to collect and analyse data with appropriate precision. The unit includes a comprehensive laboratory component to build this capability. This involves understanding the physics of the problem, performing the measurements (with an awareness of uncertainties), and analysing the results (including computer-based processing and presentation).

## **Assessment tasks**

- Tutorial Quizzes
- Lab sessions
- Mid-Semester Exam
- Final examination

## **Problem Solving and Research Capability**

Our graduates should be capable of researching; of analysing, and interpreting and assessing data and information in various forms; of drawing connections across fields of knowledge; and they should be able to relate their knowledge to complex situations at work or in the world, in order to diagnose and solve problems. We want them to have the confidence to take the initiative in doing so, within an awareness of their own limitations.

This graduate capability is supported by:

## **Learning outcomes**

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).
- Applying physics principles to solve problems. To understand the causes of problems, devise strategies to solve them and test possible solutions. The structure of the problems from the text - being categorised by topic - is a stepping stone to being able to determine the concepts relevant to solving problems without this support.
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## **Assessment tasks**

- Tutorial Quizzes
- Lab sessions

- Mid-Semester Exam
- Final examination

## Effective Communication

We want to develop in our students the ability to communicate and convey their views in forms effective with different audiences. We want our graduates to take with them the capability to read, listen, question, gather and evaluate information resources in a variety of formats, assess, write clearly, speak effectively, and to use visual communication and communication technologies as appropriate.

This graduate capability is supported by:

### Learning outcomes

- Using the tools, methodologies, language, conventions of physics to test and communicate ideas and explanations. Topic content, laboratories and tutorial/assignment problems provide opportunities to build an understanding of how to test and communicate physics ideas and explanations.
- To be responsible, critically reflective, self-directed and motivated learners. The nature of the tutorials, tutorial problems, assessment tasks and examination are all designed to develop students as self-learners who know their own learning styles.

### Assessment task

- Lab sessions

## Engaged and Ethical Local and Global citizens

As local citizens our graduates will be aware of indigenous perspectives and of the nation's historical context. They will be engaged with the challenges of contemporary society and with knowledge and ideas. We want our graduates to have respect for diversity, to be open-minded, sensitive to others and inclusive, and to be open to other cultures and perspectives: they should have a level of cultural literacy. Our graduates should be aware of disadvantage and social justice, and be willing to participate to help create a wiser and better society.

This graduate capability is supported by:

### Learning outcome

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).

### Assessment task

- Final examination

## Socially and Environmentally Active and Responsible

We want our graduates to be aware of and have respect for self and others; to be able to work with others as a leader and a team player; to have a sense of connectedness with others and country; and to have a sense of mutual obligation. Our graduates should be informed and active participants in moving society towards sustainability.

This graduate capability is supported by:

### Learning outcome

- Knowledge of fundamental physics concepts, principles and theories. Students learn concepts and show their understanding by predicting outcomes of 'thought experiments' (conceptual answers) and calculating outcomes in specific physical situations (numerical answers).

### Assessment task

- Lab sessions

## Changes from Previous Offering

The old textbook that was out of print has been replaced by a new textbook (Physics 10e) this year.

For labs, there is **no** Lab Manual from the Coop Bookshop this year. This has been replaced by Experimental Notes that will be accessible on iLearn.

## Changes since First Published

Date	Description
11/05/2016	Textbook references were changed. Deleted: Section 13.12 Entropy Added: Section 15.8 Heat Engines Section 15.10 Refrigerators, air-conditioners and heat pumps Section 18.5 Coulomb's Law
03/03/2016	Lab sessions were corrected and new skills session added.