GEOP350

Geographies of Health

S1 Day 2016

Department of Geography and Planning

Contents

General Information 2
Learning Outcomes 3
Assessment Tasks 3
Delivery and Resources 12
Unit Schedule 13
Policies and Procedures 15
Graduate Capabilities 17

Disclaimer
Macquarie University has taken all reasonable measures to ensure the information in this publication is accurate and up-to-date. However, the information may change or become out-dated as a result of change in University policies, procedures or rules. The University reserves the right to make changes to any information in this publication without notice. Users of this publication are advised to check the website version of this publication [or the relevant faculty or department] before acting on any information in this publication.
General Information

Unit convenor and teaching staff
Unit Convenor
Kristian Ruming
kristian.ruming@mq.edu.au
Contact via kristian.ruming@mq.edu.au
W3A 432

Lecturer & Tutor
Sunita Chaudhary
sunita.chaudhary@mq.edu.au
Contact via sunita.chaudhary@mq.edu.au

Lecturer
Maria de Lourdes Melo Zurita
mariadelourdes.melozurita@mq.edu.au
Contact via mariadelourdes.melozurita@mq.edu.au

Credit points
3

Prerequisites
39cp

Corequisites

Co-badged status

Unit description
The health of individuals, communities and whole populations is inextricably linked to the places where they live. This unit explores understandings of health and well-being, social determinants, health inequalities and the role geography plays in mediating health. The unit investigates the impacts of the biophysical, social, economic and political environments on health, and the resulting geographies of infectious and degenerative disease in both developed and developing societies. Exploring policy options for addressing geographical differences in health is a central theme of the unit.

Important Academic Dates
Information about important academic dates including deadlines for withdrawing from units are available at http://students.mq.edu.au/student_admin/enrolmentguide/academicdates/
Learning Outcomes

1. Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)

2. Understand the basic concepts, definitions, datasets and measures used in health geography. (Learning Outcome 2)

3. Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)

4. Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

Assessment Tasks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
<th>Due</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group Tutorial Paper</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Tutorial Week 5 (30 March)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Written Assignment</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>26 April OR 10 May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individual Tutorial Paper</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>Tutorials Weeks 10 or 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tutorial Participation</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8 &amp; 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Examination</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>Examination Period</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Group Tutorial Paper

Due: Tutorial Week 5 (30 March)
Weighting: 10%

Word length:

Internal: 2,500 words (excluding tables/graphs) plus presentation
External: 1,500 words (excluding tables/graphs)

Submission (internal students):

Hard copy of reports submitted in tutorials (no Turnitin)
PowerPoints to be emailed to Kristian by 9am on morning of tutorial
Submission (external students):
Email report to Kristian by 5pm Wednesday 30 March

Internal Students will form small groups (3-4 people) in the tutorials in Week 2.

External Students are expected to write smaller individual reports and not expected to present their findings.

Scenario: Your team has been tasked with identifying and evaluating health related data available on the internet. You are required to write a short report for your managers. In your report you should include:

- Outline of organisation and research area
- Overview of relevant data sources and data
- Examples of data relevant to work area
- Brief analysis of data and outline of policy implications
- Issues associated with data from the internet

Organisation: As a group you should agree what organisation you will work for. Example organisations/departments include:

- Local Councils
- NSW Department of Health
- NSW Department of Health, Area Health Services
- Other State Government Agencies (Department of Planning)
- Federal Department of Health and Ageing
- Federal Department of Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs (FaHCSIA)
- Health Promotion Groups (eg Diabetes Australia)
- Local Community Groups
- Non-Government Organisation / Advocacy group

Note: each group will be interested in a different type/scale of data and your report should reflect this.

Note: DO NOT select the Cancer Council. In previous years the Cancer Council has been selected by a high proportion of students and this limits the amount/type of data covered in the tutorial presentations. If you want to explore cancer, focus on a particular type of cancer and use the Cancer Council as one (of many) sources of data.

Research area: If you like you can narrow your data review to a specific health issue. Examples include:

- Hospital admissions
This Assessment Task relates to the following Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the basic concepts, definitions, datasets and measures used in health geography. (Learning Outcome 2)
- Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)
- Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

Written Assignment

Due: 26 April OR 10 May
Weighting: 30%

Students have two options to choose from. Students must indicate which written assignment they intend to complete in the tutorial in Week 3. External students should email their selection to Kristian.

Option 1: Essay Assignment – Urban and rural/remote health

Date due: 2pm Tuesday 26 April (Week 7)

Word length: 3,000 words

Submission (internal and external students):

Reports (including coversheet) must be submitted to Turnitin before 2pm (link available on GEOP350 ilearn page). Late submissions should be submitted to the "late submissions" link.

Topic: “People who live in rural and remote areas generally have poorer health than their major city counterparts, reflected in their higher levels of mortality, disease and health risk factors.”

Critically discuss this statement with reference to contemporary geographical variations in health status in Australia. What are the drivers and outcomes of these geographical variations? What interventions or programs have been/could be initiated to address these contrasting health profiles?
Good illustrative data and analysis on geographical variations in population health are available from:


Students should read widely to inform their discussion.

A grading rubric is provided on the GEOP350 ilearn page.

**Option 2: Research Project – World Health Organisation**

**Date due:** 2pm Tuesday 10 May (Week 9)

**Word length:** 3,000 words (plus tables, maps and graphs)

**Submission (internal and external students):**

Reports (including coversheet) must be submitted to Turnitin before 2pm (link available on GEOP350 ilearn page). Late submissions should be submitted to the "late submissions" link.

**Project Brief**

You have been employed by the World Health Organisation (WHO) as a consultant to prepare a report looking at the health characteristics and drivers of health differentials in parts of the Developing World. The WHO is interested in looking in detail at a series of countries from each of Asia/Pacific, Africa and Latin America. The WHO has requested that national health profiles be placed within the context of the demographic/economic/social/cultural/political/ environmental characteristics of the case study countries and their region. Finally, the WHO want a review of some of the current policies addressing the poor health of the case study countries and suggestions for new policy and health initiatives at a number of scales.

Countries of interest identified by the WHO are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Africa</th>
<th>Latin/South America</th>
<th>Asia/Pacific</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Mali</td>
<td>- Haiti</td>
<td>- Laos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Chad</td>
<td>- Honduras</td>
<td>- Bangladesh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Namibia</td>
<td>- Paraguay</td>
<td>- Solomon Islands</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Report

For your report you need to select two case study countries from different continents identified by the WHO (e.g. Solomon Islands and Honduras, Haiti and Namibia, or Mali and Bangladesh).

Your report should contain the following (the exact structure of the report is up to you):

1) Country Profiles

Provide a brief demographic, social, cultural, economic overview of each country. This section should identify similarities and differences between the case study country and its regional (e.g. continent) and global context. Similarities and differences between the case study countries should also be identified. Data covered in this section should be used to highlight issues related to the health characteristics of the case study countries (part 3). This section should include relevant graphs, tables and maps.

2) Overview of Major Health Issues

Drawing on data from a variety of global organisations your report should identify and define the major health issues and their causes. It will be impossible to cover all health issues. Choose the data related to health issues where there is a significant difference between the case study countries or where there is a significant difference between the case study countries and other countries in their region. This section should include relevant graphs, tables and maps.

3) Analysis of Determinants of Major Health Issues

For each of the case study countries provide a brief analysis/discussion of the causes of the major health issues. This section should draw together the data covered in sections 1 and 2. This section should draw on academic literature surrounding social determinants of health and health issues in developing countries.

4) Responses and Programs Addressing Major Health Issues

Outline any programmes, policies or services that have been, or are being, implemented by government and/or non-government organisations to address health issues. Building on your analysis of the major health issues this section could suggest new policies/programs/initiatives which could be introduced address the major health issues experienced by these countries. Such suggestions should be realistic.

The report should also have a clear introduction and conclusion outlining the purpose and findings of the report. Academic/journal references are required for this report (do not just use reports from international organisations). Do not "cut-and-paste" from internet sources.

Data

Data for this report can be collected from a number of online sources including (but not limited to):

- The US Global Health Policy web page: http://www.globalhealthfacts.org/ (the ‘create a custom data set’ option is particularly useful)
- The WHO data and statistics web page: http://www.who.int/research/en/

http://unitguides.mq.edu.au/unit_offerings/60927/unit_guide/print 7
Assessment of the report will take into account:

- the organisation of the report (i.e. physical presentation, structure and style, use of supporting information in tables, graphs and statistical maps)
- demonstration of your understanding of how spatial dimensions of populations and environments interact to produce distributions and patterns of morbidity and mortality.
- depth in research beyond the obvious WHO/UN reports and websites - use additional supporting research material, journal articles and reports.
- evidence of your knowledge of the concepts of health and disease as well as health geography materials and methods (such as the nature of statistical data collections, uses and presentations).

Intended Learning Outcomes of Essay Assignment and Research Project:

- improved ability to locate printed and electronic material relevant to the topics
- improved problem solving ability
- improved ability to evaluate competing arguments
- enhanced written communication and presentation skills
- familiarity and critical understanding of contemporary population health issues

A grading rubric is provided on the GEOP350 ilearn page.

This Assessment Task relates to the following Learning Outcomes:

- Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)
- Understand the basic concepts, definitions, datasets and measures used in health geography. (Learning Outcome 2)
- Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)
- Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)
Individual Tutorial Paper

Due: Tutorials Weeks 10 or 11
Weighting: 15%

Students have two options to choose from. Students must indicate which individual tutorial paper they intend to complete in the tutorial in Week 3. External students should email their selection to Kristian.

**Option 1: Climate Change Tutorial Paper**

**Date due:** Tutorial – Week 10 (Wednesday 18 May)
**Word length:** 1,500 words (plus copy of PowerPoint presentation for internal students)

**Submission (internal students):**
Hard copy of reports submitted in tutorials (no Turnitin)
PowerPoints to be emailed to Kristian by 9am on morning of tutorial

**Submission (external students):**
Email report to Kristian by 5pm Wednesday 18 May

**Topic:** Climate change is arguably the biggest issue facing modern society. Climate change is expected to have a significant impact on number of different sectors of our society: economic, social, political, environmental and cultural. One of the major areas of concern is associated with human health in both the developed and developing regions.

You are required to prepare a short report outlining recent media coverage of the health impacts of climate change. Your report should have a clear theme. Examples include:

- Climate change and health in developing countries
- Climate change and health in cities
- Climate change and the impact of vector borne diseases
- Climate change and infectious disease
- Climate change and international policy responses (emphasis on human health)
- Geography of climate change and health risk (are some areas more vulnerable than others?)
- Climate change and health in … the Pacific, South East Asia, Europe, Africa
- Many more.

In writing your report you should identify at least 5 newspaper articles outlining health issues influenced by climate change. Try and use articles published in the last 3 years. You report should include the following:

i. a short summary of each newspaper article
Students should supplement their newspaper analysis with academic publications, government and non-government organisation publications where appropriate.

Students will be required to present a short – 3 minute – overview of their findings/position in the tutorial in Week 10. The tutorial discussions will synthesis the main issues. Students should prepare 4 or 5 bullet points to help their presentation.

All presentations need to be emailed to Kristian prior to 9am on the day of your tutorial to facilitate a smooth transition between presentations in the tutorial. A hard copy of your paper is to be submitted in your tutorial.

Option 2: Health and Ageing Tutorial Paper

Date due: Tutorial – Week 11 (Wednesday 25 May)

Word length: 1,500 words (plus copy of PowerPoint presentation for internal students)

Submission (internal students):

Hard copy of reports submitted in tutorials (no Turnitin)

PowerPoints to be emailed to Kristian by 9am on morning of tutorial

Submission (external students):

Email report to Kristian by 5pm Wednesday 25 May

Topic: In Week 4 each student (who chooses to complete this paper) will be allocated to a side of the ageing priorities debate:

• Health Issues facing young people are the most important in Australia
• Health Issues facing older people are the most important in Australia

Importantly, the position you are allocated may not align with your own personal beliefs!

You will be required to prepare a short report supporting your position. In writing your report you should identify at least 5 newspaper articles outlining health issues associated with either older or youth sections of the community. Try and use articles published in the last 3 years. You should consider looking for issues at a variety of scales (nation, state, local). Your report should include the following:

i. a short summary of each newspaper article

ii. a synthesis of how the articles relate together and to other material you are familiar with (e.g. lecture material/government reports/etc.)

iii. an outline of how policy (at various levels) can respond to the issues raised.
Students should supplement their newspaper analysis with academic publications, government and non-government organisation publications where appropriate.

Students will be required to present a short – 3 minute – overview of their findings/position in the tutorial in Week 11. The tutorial will centre on prioritising health planning and budgeting. Students should prepare 4 or 5 bullet points to help their presentation.

This Assessment Task relates to the following Learning Outcomes:

- Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)
- Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

**Tutorial Participation**

**Due:** Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8 & 9  
**Weighting:** 5%

A series of tasks will be completed in tutorials in Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8 & 9. Students who complete these tasks will receive 1 mark per week.

**Internal students** are required to submit their task in their tutorial in these weeks.

**External students** are required to email their tasks to Kristian by the Thursdays of Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8 & 9. The tutorial tasks will be posted on ilearn 1 week before they are due.

Overall attendance at/contribution to tutorials will be taken into consideration when allocating final grades.

This Assessment Task relates to the following Learning Outcomes:

- Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)
- Understand the basic concepts, definitions, datasets and measures used in health geography. (Learning Outcome 2)
- Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)
- Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)
Examination
Due: Examination Period
Weighting: 40%

A two hour examination will be held in the examination period at the end of session. Students will be required to complete two essays based on the lecture and tutorial program. Students will be given the opportunity to select the essay topics from six options. Previous examination papers are available from the Library.

This Assessment Task relates to the following Learning Outcomes:

• Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)

• Understand the basic concepts, definitions, datasets and measures used in health geography. (Learning Outcome 2)

• Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)

• Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

Delivery and Resources
Submitting your assignments

Your written assignment (Essay Assignment or Research Project) must be submitted on (or before) 2pm on the due date listed. All written assignments (not tutorial papers) must be submitted to Turnitin. A link for each written assignment is available on the GEOP350 ilearn page. Your assignment must be submitted with a Cover Sheet (available from GEOP350 ilearn page). Students must complete all the details on the Cover Sheet and sign the declaration regarding academic honesty that is part of the cover sheet.

For Internal students, tutorial papers must be submitted in your tutorial.

For External students, tutorial papers are to be emailed to Kristian (Kristian.ruming@mq.edu.au).

All students must keep a clean electronic copy of their assignments.

Late penalties: Please note that the penalty for late submission of assignments is 10% per day.
**Extension requests:** Circumstances that affect your ability to complete assignments by the due date must be discussed with Kristian. Appropriate supporting documentation may be required. Ensure that this is done before the due date.

**Written style**

All assignments should be written in 12 point font with 1.5 spacing. All work must be appropriately referenced. You can use any referencing style you like, however, it must be correct!

**Technology used and required**

GEOP350 makes extensive use of web-based teaching support using the ilearn online Learning System. Access to the Internet and regular access to the unit’s ilearn website is essential in GEOP350.

**Unit Schedule**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wk</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Lecture Topic</th>
<th>Lecturer</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Tutorial</th>
<th>Assessment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Introduction to the unit and overview of health geography</td>
<td>Kristian</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>No tutorial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>March</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>March</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Module One: Theorising Geography and Health</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Data used in health geography / Measuring population health</td>
<td>Sunita</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Discussion - Overview of medical/health geography (I mark tutorial participation)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>March</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>March</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Evolving concepts of health and disease</td>
<td>Kristian</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Using Health Data - Web resources and group work</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>March</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>March</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

http://unitguides.mq.edu.au/unit_offerings/60927/unit_guide/print 13
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Speaker</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>22 March</td>
<td>Social determinants of health</td>
<td>Marilu</td>
<td>23 March</td>
<td>Group Work – The social determinants of health (I mark tutorial participation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Kristian to allocate side of debate for Tutorial Paper 2 (Age &amp; Health)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>29 March</td>
<td>Strategies to reduce social inequalities in health</td>
<td>Marilu</td>
<td>30 March</td>
<td>Tutorial Presentations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>5 April</td>
<td>Place and Health</td>
<td>Marilu</td>
<td>6 April</td>
<td>Discussion – “Place” effects on health (I mark tutorial participation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>BREAK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>26 April</td>
<td>Rural Health Issues / Health of Cities</td>
<td>Sunita</td>
<td>27 April</td>
<td>Discussion - Urban / Rural Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>3 May</td>
<td>Planning for Healthy Cities</td>
<td>Kristian</td>
<td>4 April</td>
<td>Group Work - Place based responses to health (I mark tutorial participation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Topic</td>
<td>Instructor</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Activity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three: International Health Geographies</td>
<td>10 May</td>
<td>Health in the Developing World</td>
<td>Marilu</td>
<td>11 May</td>
<td>Group Work - Global Health Issues (<em>I</em> mark tutorial participation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17 May</td>
<td>The Environment, Climate Change and Health</td>
<td>Marilu</td>
<td>18 May</td>
<td>Tutorial Presentations – Climate Change and Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four: Australian Health Geographies</td>
<td>24 May</td>
<td>Age and Health</td>
<td>Sunita</td>
<td>25 May</td>
<td>Tutorial Presentations / Class debate – Youth vs Aged Health Priorities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>31 May</td>
<td>Indigenous Health</td>
<td>Sunita</td>
<td>1 June</td>
<td>Discussion – Indigenous Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7 June</td>
<td>Drawing together Geographies of Health (&amp; exam review)</td>
<td>Kristian</td>
<td>8 June</td>
<td>Subject review (drop-in, not compulsory)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Policies and Procedures**

Macquarie University policies and procedures are accessible from Policy Central. Students should be aware of the following policies in particular with regard to Learning and Teaching:

Student Support

For all student enquiries, visit Student Connect at ask.mq.edu.au

Equity Support

Students with a disability are encouraged to contact the Disability Service who can provide appropriate help with any issues that arise during their studies.
IT Help

For help with University computer systems and technology, visit http://www.mq.edu.au/about_us/offices_and_units/information_technology/help/.

When using the University's IT, you must adhere to the Acceptable Use of IT Resources Policy. The policy applies to all who connect to the MQ network including students.

Graduate Capabilities

Discipline Specific Knowledge and Skills

Our graduates will take with them the intellectual development, depth and breadth of knowledge, scholarly understanding, and specific subject content in their chosen fields to make them competent and confident in their subject or profession. They will be able to demonstrate, where relevant, professional technical competence and meet professional standards. They will be able to articulate the structure of knowledge of their discipline, be able to adapt discipline-specific knowledge to novel situations, and be able to contribute from their discipline to inter-disciplinary solutions to problems.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)
- Understand the basic concepts, definitions, datasets and measures used in health geography. (Learning Outcome 2)
- Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)
- Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

Assessment tasks

- Written Assignment
- Tutorial Participation
- Examination

Critical, Analytical and Integrative Thinking

We want our graduates to be capable of reasoning, questioning and analysing, and to integrate and synthesise learning and knowledge from a range of sources and environments; to be able to
critique constraints, assumptions and limitations; to be able to think independently and systemically in relation to scholarly activity, in the workplace, and in the world. We want them to have a level of scientific and information technology literacy.

This graduate capability is supported by:

**Learning outcomes**

- Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)
- Understand the basic concepts, definitions, datasets and measures used in health geography. (Learning Outcome 2)
- Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)
- Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

**Assessment tasks**

- Group Tutorial Paper
- Written Assignment
- Individual Tutorial Paper
- Tutorial Participation
- Examination

**Problem Solving and Research Capability**

Our graduates should be capable of researching; of analysing, and interpreting and assessing data and information in various forms; of drawing connections across fields of knowledge; and they should be able to relate their knowledge to complex situations at work or in the world, in order to diagnose and solve problems. We want them to have the confidence to take the initiative in doing so, within an awareness of their own limitations.

This graduate capability is supported by:

**Learning outcomes**

- Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)
- Understand the basic concepts, definitions, datasets and measures used in health geography. (Learning Outcome 2)
• Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)

• Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

Assessment tasks

• Group Tutorial Paper
• Written Assignment
• Individual Tutorial Paper
• Tutorial Participation

Creative and Innovative

Our graduates will also be capable of creative thinking and of creating knowledge. They will be imaginative and open to experience and capable of innovation at work and in the community. We want them to be engaged in applying their critical, creative thinking.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcome

• Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)

Assessment tasks

• Written Assignment
• Tutorial Participation

Effective Communication

We want to develop in our students the ability to communicate and convey their views in forms effective with different audiences. We want our graduates to take with them the capability to read, listen, question, gather and evaluate information resources in a variety of formats, assess, write clearly, speak effectively, and to use visual communication and communication technologies as appropriate.

This graduate capability is supported by:
Learning outcome

• Be familiar and competent with the key research methods used in health geography (e.g. bibliographic searching, accessing population and health databases, research design, quantitative data analysis, statistical mapping, report writing and presentations, etc.) (Learning Outcome 3)

Assessment tasks

• Group Tutorial Paper
• Written Assignment
• Individual Tutorial Paper
• Tutorial Participation
• Examination

Engaged and Ethical Local and Global citizens

As local citizens our graduates will be aware of indigenous perspectives and of the nation's historical context. They will be engaged with the challenges of contemporary society and with knowledge and ideas. We want our graduates to have respect for diversity, to be open-minded, sensitive to others and inclusive, and to be open to other cultures and perspectives: they should have a level of cultural literacy. Our graduates should be aware of disadvantage and social justice, and be willing to participate to help create a wiser and better society.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

• Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)
• Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

Assessment tasks

• Written Assignment
• Individual Tutorial Paper

Socially and Environmentally Active and Responsible

We want our graduates to be aware of and have respect for self and others; to be able to work with others as a leader and a team player; to have a sense of connectedness with others and country; and to have a sense of mutual obligation. Our graduates should be informed and active participants in moving society towards sustainability.

This graduate capability is supported by:
Learning outcomes

• Appreciate how most aspects of human health and disease have important geographical dimensions and of the multiple factors that affect health levels in populations. (Learning Outcome 1)

• Be aware of the complex political and policy drivers of health and responses to issues operating at multiple scales. (Learning Outcome 4)

Assessment tasks

• Written Assignment
• Individual Tutorial Paper