

ANTH305

Contemporary Indigenous Australia

S2 Day 2018

Dept of Anthropology

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General Information

Unit convenor and teaching staff Unit Convenor Eve Vincent <u>eve.vincent@mq.edu.au</u> Contact via Via email Australian Hearing Hub By arrangement

Credit points 3

Prerequisites (39cp at 100 level or above) or admission to GDipArts

Corequisites

Co-badged status

Unit description

This unit introduces and explores the anthropology of contemporary Indigenous Australia. The contemporary conditions in both 'remote' Aboriginal Australia, and in rural, urban and suburban communities, cannot be understood without knowledge of pre-colonial and early colonial cultural, economic and social forms. The unit explores current issues against the background of the deep historical perspective of human presence in Australia. A second underlying theme of the unit is that neither Indigenous nor settler Australian societies can be understood without a recognition of their profound historical interrelation. Lectures explore how forms of Australian settler colonial and governmental practice have transformed Aboriginal Australia in some unexpected ways, and also how Aboriginal perspectives and forms of active social engagement continue to shape broader Australian cultural concerns. Specific topics to be covered include: life perspectives and practices of hunters and gatherers; the land-people connection (cosmology, totemic landscapes and territorial organisation); first contacts and the impact of European settlement; urban Aboriginal cultures; the role of the law, police and prisons in contemporary Indigenous Australia; and painting, music, and historically dynamic Indigenous expressive practices.

Important Academic Dates

Information about important academic dates including deadlines for withdrawing from units are available at https://www.mq.edu.au/study/calendar-of-dates

Learning Outcomes

On successful completion of this unit, you will be able to:

Develop a critical appreciation of the value of reading a range of Indigenous texts alongside more conventional anthropological contributions

Understand the history of the human presence in Australia

Gain insight into the complexity of Indigenous cosmologies, relations to land, and kinship systems

Develop a critical appreciation of debates over culture, 'authenticity', the meaning of Indigenous identity and how anthropologists engage with these

Consider the role of the state and 'state effects' in shaping, delimiting and producing Indigenous ways of being

Develop an understanding of the settler colonial experience and the ways in which Indigenous and settler Australian worlds and identities are mutually constituted Build skills in using anthropological knowledge to aid understanding of contemporary issues

Enhance communication and interpersonal skills through oral discussion and written work that focuses on conveying understanding, argument and information in a clear and concise fashion

Cement critical analysis and creative thinking skills through research assignments.

General Assessment Information

Unless a Special Consideration request has been submitted and approved, (a) a penalty for lateness will apply – two (2) marks out of 100 will be deducted per day for assignments submitted after the due date – and (b) no assignment will be accepted more than seven (7) days (incl. weekends) after the original submission deadline. No late submissions will be accepted for timed assessments – e.g. quizzes, online tests. This information applies to all assessment items in this unit.

Assessment Tasks

Name	Weighting	Hurdle	Due
Tutorial participation	10%	No	Weekly
Weekly topic essay	30%	Yes	Ongoing
Research Essay	40%	No	Friday October 5
Koori Sydney: site visit	20%	No	Monday November 19

Tutorial participation

Due: Weekly Weighting: 10%

Brief Description: Tutorials offer the opportunity for informed, open discussion of the weekly topics and readings. Each week, you must prepare for the tutorial discussion by completing the assigned readings. You should arrive at class willing to engage in respectful discussion of the readings' key points and arguments. You are expected both to make contributions to class discussions, and to listen to others' contributions.

You are expected to attend at least 80 per cent of tutorials over the course of the semester. You should provide documentation if you miss more than 20 per cent of tutorials. Please notify your tutor if you are going to be absent from a tutorial.

Attendance is a precondition for tutorial participation. Your final mark for your participation will be based on a combined assessment of the following three criteria: preparedness; appropriate communication; listening skills.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Develop a critical appreciation of the value of reading a range of Indigenous texts alongside more conventional anthropological contributions
- · Understand the history of the human presence in Australia
- Gain insight into the complexity of Indigenous cosmologies, relations to land, and kinship systems
- Develop a critical appreciation of debates over culture, 'authenticity', the meaning of Indigenous identity and how anthropologists engage with these
- Consider the role of the state and 'state effects' in shaping, delimiting and producing Indigenous ways of being
- Develop an understanding of the settler colonial experience and the ways in which Indigenous and settler Australian worlds and identities are mutually constituted
- Enhance communication and interpersonal skills through oral discussion and written work that focuses on conveying understanding, argument and information in a clear and concise fashion

Weekly topic essay

Due: Ongoing

Weighting: 30%

This is a hurdle assessment task (see <u>assessment policy</u> for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)

At the conclusion of each of our weekly discussions from Weeks 2 through to 12, we will distill a

small set of essay questions. You will then have a fortnight to submit a 1500 word short essay, based on the required and extended readings for that week. You may also refer back to points raised during the tutorial discussion within your response.

A detailed description for this assessment task will be available in Week 1.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Gain insight into the complexity of Indigenous cosmologies, relations to land, and kinship systems
- Develop a critical appreciation of debates over culture, 'authenticity', the meaning of Indigenous identity and how anthropologists engage with these
- Consider the role of the state and 'state effects' in shaping, delimiting and producing Indigenous ways of being
- Develop an understanding of the settler colonial experience and the ways in which Indigenous and settler Australian worlds and identities are mutually constituted
- Enhance communication and interpersonal skills through oral discussion and written work that focuses on conveying understanding, argument and information in a clear and concise fashion

Research Essay

Due: Friday October 5 Weighting: 40%

A list of essay questions and detailed marking criteria will be distributed in Week 4. While the readings listed in this unit guide will provide the basis for your essay, students are expected to engage with literature specific to their chosen topic, beyond that listed on the outline. Your lecturer and/or tutor is available to help you identify relevant sources to consult. Alternatively, you may develop your own topic subject to your lecturer's approval. This topic must be approved two weeks prior to the due date.

Word length: 2,500 words

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Gain insight into the complexity of Indigenous cosmologies, relations to land, and kinship systems
- Develop a critical appreciation of debates over culture, 'authenticity', the meaning of Indigenous identity and how anthropologists engage with these
- Consider the role of the state and 'state effects' in shaping, delimiting and producing Indigenous ways of being
- · Develop an understanding of the settler colonial experience and the ways in which

Indigenous and settler Australian worlds and identities are mutually constituted

Koori Sydney: site visit

Due: Monday November 19 Weighting: 20%

A detailed description of this assessment task will be available in Week 1. You are required to visit a site in the Sydney region, and to provide a reflective account of your visit, drawing on course materials.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Build skills in using anthropological knowledge to aid understanding of contemporary issues
- Enhance communication and interpersonal skills through oral discussion and written work that focuses on conveying understanding, argument and information in a clear and concise fashion
- Cement critical analysis and creative thinking skills through research assignments.

Delivery and Resources

All readings are available through your iLearn site: see the link to Unit Readings - Leganto.

This course entails both lectures and tutorials. It is expected that you attend both. All lectures (not films) will be recorded on echo360 and made available on the iLearn site to assist with review of course material (audio recording only). This should not be considered a substitute for lecture attendance. The films are a very important part of this unit: if you miss a lecture, you should also catch up on the material screened in the lecture.

Lecture slides will also be available on the iLearn site for review.

Unit Schedule

Week 1. Beginnings

Monday July 30

This unit deals critically with the relationship between anthropology and Indigenous Australians. Where should our explorations begin? We will soon learn of the deep history of the human presence on this continent, but for now we will begin by reading debates about the anthropological enterprise and its legacy. Indigenous thinkers Ian Anderson and Michael Dodson reflect on anthropology as a colonial way of knowing Aboriginality. The extract from Bronwyn Carlson's important book, *The Politics of Identity*, extends Dodson's discussion about defining Aboriginality, as does Yin Paradies' examination of his own decisions about identification and the broader structures shaping it. Gillian Cowlishaw and Diane Barwick are two anthropologists whose work both vigorously defends the anthropological drive to know and understand cultural others, but who also closely engage with Aboriginal people's determination to define and

describe life on their own terms. Finally, Dick Kimber's chapter in *First Australians* provides an informally written introduction to the Horn Scientific Expedition, which included Baldwin Spencer. Spencer, together with Frank Gillen went on to publish *The Native Tribes of Central Australia* in 1899, among the first works of anthropology detailing Aboriginal ceremonial life. This lecture will also provide an introduction to the unit, its scope and aim, and an explanation of requirements and student assessment.

There are no tutorials in Week 1. You are not expected to read all of the work listed below! Select at least two as background reading.

Background reading:

• Ian Anderson. 2003 Introduction: The Aboriginal Critique of Colonial Knowing. In M. Grossman, ed. *Blacklines: Contemporary Critical Writing by Indigenous Australians.* Melbourne: Melbourne University Press, 17-24.

• Michael Dodson. 2003 The End in the Beginning: Re(de)finding Aboriginality. In M. Grossman, ed. *Blacklines: Contemporary Critical Writing by Indigenous Australians.* Melbourne: Melbourne University Press, 25-42.

- Bronwyn Carlson. 2016 Confirmation of Aboriginality, In *The Politics of Identity: Who Counts as Aboriginal Today*? Canberra: Aboriginal Studies Press, 131-143.
- Yin Paradies. 2006 Beyond Black and White: Essentialism, Hybridity and Indigeneity. *Journal of Sociology* 42(4), 355-367.

• Gillian Cowlishaw. 2015 Friend or foe? Anthropology's encounter with Aborigines. *Inside Story.*

- Gillian Cowlishaw. 1987 Colour, Culture and the Aboriginalists. Man, 221-237.
- Diane Barwick. 1988 Aborigines of Victoria. In *Ian Keen (ed), Being Black: Aboriginal Cultures in 'Settled' Australia.* Canberra: Aboriginal Studies Press, 27-32.
- Dick Kimber. 2008 The Sea met the Desert, and the Desert Met the Sea. In Rachel Perkins and Marcia Langton (eds). *First Australians*, Melbourne: Miegunyah Press, 174-223.

Week 2. People-land relations one: A human-created continent

Monday August 6

We turn out attention to another kind of beginning this week, in discussion of the over 50,000 years-long human inhabitation of this continent. Read Billy Griffiths' essay for an account of these beginnings, a story partially told in 'stones and bones, sediment and pollan'. Aboriginal peoples' varied ways of living on this continent will next be examined. Indigenous Australians have long been characterised as 'hunter gatherers'—but we use Bunurong / Yuin writer Bruce Pascoe's work to expand our understanding of the ways in which Indigenous people hunted, collected, farmed and cultivated, ultimately shaping a human-created landscape. We will then consider what it means for some Indigenous people to eat 'bush foods' today. We will also watch parts of the documentary series, *First Footprints*.

Required reading:

- Billy Griffiths. 2013 A World in a Grain of Sand. *Griffith Review*, no. 41, 162-177. https://griffithreview.com/articles/a-world-in-a-grain-of-sand/
- Bruce Pascoe. 2014 Agriculture. In *Dark Emu*, Broome: Magabala Books, 19-52.
- Extracts from Sue Coleman Haseldine and Marcina Coleman Richards. 2012 *Nguly Gu Yadoo Mai (Our Good Food)*. To be distributed and read in class.

Extended reading:

• Bill Gammage. 2012. The closest ally. In *The Biggest Estate on Earth*. Sydney: Allen & Unwin, 157-186.

• Elizabeth Povinelli. 1994 'Today We Struggle': Contemporary Hunting, Fishing, and Collecting and the Market, In *Labor's Lot: The Power, History, and Culture of Aboriginal Action.* Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1994, 168-202.

- Paul Memmott. 2007. Australian Indigenous Architecture An Overview. In *Gunyah goondie* + *wurley: the Aboriginal architecture of Australia.* St Lucia: University of Queensland Press, 4-19.
- Claire Coleman. 2017. When we encountered the nomads. *Meanjin*: https://meanjin.com.au/ essays/when-we-encountered-the-nomads-2/

Week 3. People-land relations two: Guest lecture by Uncle Lex Dadd

Monday August 13

This week we are joined by Lexodious Dadd, a proud Senior Darug man from the Cannemegal clan of the Sydney area. Uncle Lex will talk to us about the significance of Yellomundee Regional Park, among other topics. Readings TBA.

Week 4. People-land relations three: Dreamings, ritual and Country

Monday August 20

We have been learning about the past and present of intimate people-land relations. This week, we inquire into anthropological accounts of Aboriginal worldviews or cosmologies, and their embodiment and objectification in ritual and social relations. As Aboriginal people strongly assert and anthropologists have long identified, the living land and waters created by ancestral beings, or Country, is the cornerstone of traditional Aboriginal life. The terms 'Dreaming' and/or 'Dreamtime' are now commonly used in Australia. But what exactly is meant by terms such as 'totemism,' 'Country' and 'Dreaming'? How do these concepts help us to understand different understandings of the earth, emplacement, belonging, and social relations?

Required reading:

• Kumpaya Girgiba in conversation with Ngalangka Nola Taylor. 2017 Follow their footprints. In Margo Neale (ed), *Songlines: Tracking the Seven Sisters*, Canberra: National Museum of

Australia, 26-27

• W.E.H. Stanner. 2009 (1953) The Dreaming. In Robert Mann (ed), *The Dreaming and Other Essays*. Melbourne: Black Inc, 172-224.

• Tony Swain and Gary Trompf. 1995 Tradition. In *The Religions of Oceania*, London and New York: Routledge, 19-47.

• Catherine Berndt. 1979 *Land of the Rainbow Snake.* Sydney: William Collins (selections will be read in class)

Extended reading:

• Paddy Roe. 2016 Lardi. In Gularabulu. Perth: University of Western Australia Press, 97-106.

• Tony Swain. 1993 Introduction and Worlds to Endure. In A Place for Strangers: Towards a history of Australian Aboriginal Being, Melbourne: Cambridge University Press, 1-68.

• David Mowaljarlai and Jutta Malnic. 1993 Cultural Sensitivity and Waanangga—the Sugarbag Site. In *Yorro Yorro*, Broome: Magabala Books, v and 71-75.

• Nancy Munn. 1971 The Transformation of Subjects into Objects in Walbiri and Pitjantjatjara Myth. In Ronald M Berndt (ed.) *Australian Aboriginal Anthropology*, University of Western Australian Press, Nedlands.

• Francoise Dussart. 2004 Shown but not Shared, Presented but not Proffered: Redefining Ritual Identity among Warlpiri Ritual Performers, 1990–2000. *Australian Journal of Anthropology,* 15, 253-266.

• Patrick Wolfe. 1999 White Man's Flour. In Settler Colonialism and the Transformation of Anthropology, London: Cassell, 9-42

Week 5. Relatedness, Kin, Family

Monday August 27

This week we shift the focus from people-land relations to people's relationships to each other. From Fred Myers we learn that social relations can be understood when we consider people's rights and relationships to objects. We will also explore the way kinship concepts are activated in urban and regional settings today, using the concept of 'performative kinship'.

Required reading:

• Shahni Wellington, Life lessons, or something like them. In Anita Heiss (ed), *Growing Up Aboriginal in Australia*, Melbourne: Black Inc, 254-261

• Fred Myers. 1989 Burning the Truck and Holding the Country: Pintupi Forms of Property and Identity. In E. Wilmsen (ed), *We are here: politics of Aboriginal land tenure*, Berkeley: University of California Press, 15-43.

• Sally Babidge. 2010 Family Affairs: Relations and Relatedness. In *Aboriginal Family and the State: The Conditions of History*, Ashgate Publishing, 101-133.

Extended reading:

• Diane Austin-Broos. 2009 Living with Kin. In *Arrernte Present, Arrernte Past*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 130-153.

• Belinda Burbidge. 2015 'We are the kangaroo, we have the owl': Linguistic and emotional clues of the meanings of the bush in changing Wiradjuri being and relatedness. *The Australian Journal of Anthropology*, 26(3), 414-427.

Week 6. From Civil Rights to the Bark Petition

Monday September 3

Throughout the unit so far, we have been emphasising the need to understand Aboriginal culture forms *within* colonial history. This week our attention shifts even more explicitly to historical events. We go to the twentieth century, and particularly to changing Indigenous political and cultural aspirations in the post-war period. Our focus over the next two weeks is on how the Indigenous-land relations we have been learning about articulate with the broader settler colonial society and state. We track the emergence of a cultural politics at this time, and consider how 'traditional' meanings and messages are conveyed to new audiences.

Required reading:

• Charlie Ward. 2016 Taking a stand, 1966-1968. *In A Handful of Sand*. Melbourne: Monash University Publishing.

• Heidi Norman. Aboriginal Land Rights: From 'Reserves' to 'Country'. In *What Do We Want? A Political History of Aboriginal Land Rights in New South Wales*, Canberra: Aboriginal Studies Press, 1-28.

Extended reading:

• Howard Morphy. 1983 'Now you understand': An analysis of the way Yolngu have used sacred knowledge to retain their autonomy. In Nicolas Peterson and Marcia Langton (eds), *Aborigines, Land, and Land Rights*, Canberra: Australian Institute of Aboriginal Studies,110-133.

• Miranda Johnson. 2016 Australia's First 'First People', *The Land is Our History*. New York: Oxford University Press, 35-55.

• Fred Myers. 2016 History, memory and the politics of self-determination at an early outstation. In Nicolas Peterson and Fred Myers (eds), *Experiments in Self-Determination*. *Histories of the outstation movement in Australia*. Canberra: ANU Press, 81-103.

Week 7. Land and the politics of recognition

Monday September 10

As we have seen, from the early 1970s until the early 1990s, Aboriginal efforts to secure recognition of their prior occupation and status as land owners made strides at state, territory, and national levels, most prominently in light of the Commonwealth *Land Rights Act, Northern*

Territory (1976). This week we also discuss the Mabo ruling that led to the *1993 Native Title Act.* The lecture and readings introduce critical perspectives on the politics of recognition, the notion of cultural difference, and what it has come to stand for. Why are land rights and sacred sites legislation so important to Aboriginal people? Do you think that Mabo fostered European understanding of Aboriginal land tenure? Does native title offer a way for European and Aboriginal reconciliation? What are some ways we might think of the unintended consequences of native title legislation for Indigenous identities and senses of belonging? What role has anthropology played in all of this?

Required reading:

• Elizabeth Povinelli. 1998 The State of Shame: Australian Multiculturalism and the Crisis of Indigenous Citizenship, *Critical Inquiry*, vol. 24, no. 2, 575-610.

• Francesca Merlan. 1989 The objectification of 'culture': An aspect of current political process in Aboriginal affairs, *Anthropological Forum*, 6:1, 105-116.

Extended reading:

• Gary Foley. 2007 The Australian Labor Party and the Native Title Act, In Aileen Moreton-Robinson (ed), *Sovereign subjects: Indigenous sovereignty matters*, Crows Nest, NSW: Allen & Unwin.

• Eve Vincent. 2017 'We know who we are': the impact of native title on local identities. In 'Against Native Title': Conflict and Creativity in Outback Australia, Canberra: Aboriginal Studies Press, 89-108.

• Simon Correy, Diana McCarthy and Anthony Redmond. The differences which resemble: The effects of the 'narcissism of minor differences' in the constitution and maintenance of native title claimant groups in Australia. In Bauman, T. and G. Macdonald (eds), *Unsettling Anthropology: The Demands of Native Title on Worn Concepts and Changing Lives*, Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies, Canberra, 41-62.

• Katie Glaskin, 2017 A Land and Sea Claim. In *Crosscurrents: Law and society in a native title claim to land and sea.* Crawley, Western Australia: UWA Publishing.

--Mid-session Recess: September 17 to September 30--

Week 8

The Labour Day public holiday falls on Monday October 1. Essays are due on the Friday of this week.

Week 9. Work, Welfare and Indigenous Australians

Monday October 8

Indigenous people have long been a part of the settler colonial economy, as the reading by

Maria Nugent makes clear. This fact is often overlooked in the public debate about Indigenous Australians' relationship with the welfare state. Over the past two decades in Australia public attention has been especially focused on the high rates of Aboriginal unemployment in remote regions. Prominent Indigenous public intellectual Noel Pearson has long argued that in the precolonial period Aboriginal people partook of a 'real economy', where the labour of hunting and food collecting was crucial to the reproduction of Indigenous society. After the decline, beginning in the 1960s-1970s, of rural economies and industries such as pastoralism, which relied on exploited seasonal Indigenous labour, welfare payments came to replace what Pearson calls 'real work'. The oral history of Myles Lalor tells us something of this earlier period, as do Ruby Ginibi Langford's recollections.

Required reading:

• Myles Lalor with Jeremy Beckett. Working around Wilcannia. In *Wherever I Go*, Melbourne: Melbourne University Press, 101-114.

• Noel Pearson. 2009 Our Right To Take Responsibility. In *Up From The Mission: Selected Writings*. Melbourne, Black Inc., 143-171.

• Fiona Skyring. 2012 Low Wages, Low Rents, and Pension Cheques: The introduction of equal wages in the Kimberley, 1968–1969, In Natasha Fijn et al (eds), *Indigenous Participation in Australian Economies II: Historical engagements and current enterprises*, Canberra: ANU Press, 153-170 (Group A)

• Diane Austin Broos. 2003 Places, practices, and things: The articulation of Arrente kinship with welfare and work, *American Ethnologist*, Vol. 30(1), 118-135 (Group B)

Extended reading:

• Ruby Langford. 1988 The Fencing Circus. In *Don't Take Your Love to Town*, Melbourne: Penguin Books, 83-93.

• Steve Kinnane, Judy Harrison and Isabelle Reinecke, 2015. Finger money: The black and white of stolen wages, *Griffith REVIEW*, No. 47, 2015, 49-70.

• Maria Nugent. 2012 An Economy of Shells: A brief history of La Perouse Aboriginal women's shell-work and its markets, 1880–2010. In Natasha Fijn et al (eds), *Indigenous Participation in Australian Economies II: Historical engagements and current enterprises*, Canberra: ANU Press, 211-228.

• Lorraine Gibson. 2013 Making a Life: Getting Ahead, and Getting a Living in Aboriginal New South Wales, *Oceania*, 80: 2, 143-160.

Week 10. 'Helping whites'

Monday October 15

Guest lecturer Drew Anderson will focus the anthropological gaze on non-Indigenous people this week, discussing various helping practices. Readings TBA.

Week 11. From self-determination to an interventionist paradigm: anthropology of the state

Monday October 22

We have been circling around the question of the state's role in Indigenous lives, a question brought into focus with the 2007 Northern Territory National Emergency Response ('the Intervention'). This week, we focus our attention firmly on the state. We ask: What might an anthropology of the state, 'state effects' and state practices look like? Where and what is 'the state'? How does the state constitute and govern contemporary Aboriginal subjects? How do Aboriginal people meet the state?

Required reading:

• Fisher, Daniel. 2013 Becoming the State in Northern Australia: Urbanisation, Intra-Indigenous Relatedness, and the State Effect. *Oceania*, 83, 238-258.

• Musharbash, Yasmine. 2010 'Only whitefella take that road': Culture seen through the intervention at Yuendumu. In: Altman J and Hinkson M (eds) *Culture crisis: anthropology and politics in Aboriginal Australia.* Sydney: University of New South Wales Press.

Extended reading:

• Larissa Behrendt. 2007 The emergency we had to have. In Jon Altman and Melinda Hinkson (eds), *Coercive reconciliation: stabilise, normalise, exit Aboriginal Australia.* North Carlton, Vic: Arena Publications Association, 15-20.

• Cowlishaw, Gillian. 1998 Erasing Culture and Race: Practising 'Self-Determination', *Oceania*, vol. 68, no. 3, 145-169.

• Collmann, Jeff. 1988 Living in the Fringe-Camps. In *Fringe-dwellers and Welfare: the Aboriginal response to Bureaucracy*, St. Lucia, Qld: University of Queensland Press, 73-104.

Week 12. Crime, Police and Incarceration: Indigenous people and the Law

Monday October 29

From the Don Dale scandal to the sentencing decision surrounding Elijah Doughty's death, we often hear media stories that tell of Indigenous people's problematic relationship to the legal system. In Western Australia, for example, the rate of incarceration for Indigenous Australians is 20 times higher than for non-Indigenous. Rates of Indigenous incarceration have in fact continued to rise markedly since the new millennium. How might anthropological analyses help us make sense of this statistical picture and these media reports? What historical, political and cultural frames shed light on the relationship between Indigenous people, the criminal justice system and correctional institutions?

Required reading:

• Morris, Barry. 2013 Postcolonial fantasy and anxiety in the North West. In *Protest, Land Rights and Riots*, Canberra: Aboriginal Studies Press, 98-127

- McCoy, Brian. 2008. Prison: More than a Holiday. In *Holding Men: Kanyirninpa and the Health of Aboriginal Men.* Canberra: Aboriginal Studies Press, 167-189.
- WATCH: Allan Clarke's *Blood on the Tracks* or listen to the podcast. See: http://www.abc.net.au/austory/blood-on-the-tracks---part-1/9795718

Extended reading:

- Marcia Langton. 1988 Medicine Square. In Ian Keen (ed), *Being Black: Aboriginal Cultures in 'Settled' Australia.* Canberra: Aboriginal Studies Press, 201-225.
- Celeste Liddle 2018 Police still failing Aboriginal Women. *Eureka Street* https://www.eurekastreet.com.au/article.aspx?aeid=55967
- Tim Rowse. 2015 Historical reasoning about Indigenous imprisonment: A community of fate? *Australian Review of Public Affairs*, vol. 13, no. 1, 1-21

• Harry Blagg and Thalia Anthony. 2014 'If Those Old Women Catch You, You're Going to Cop It': Night Patrols, Indigenous Women, and Place Based Sovereignty in Outback Australia. *African Journal of Criminology and Justice Studies: AJCJS*, vol. 8, no. 1, 103-124.

Week 13. Koori Sydney and conclusions

Monday November 5

In this concluding lecture, we will talk about the past and present of Koori Sydney, in preparation for our final reflective assessment task.

Suggested readings / media:

- Melinda Hinkson. 2010 Ball's Reserve site. In *Aboriginal Sydney: A guide to important places of the past and present*, Canberra: Aboriginal Studies Press, 10-11.
- Redfern Now. 2012 Blackfella Films.
- Heidi Norman. 2012 A Modern Day Corroborree—the New South Wales Annual Aboriginal Rugby League Knockout Carnival, *Sport in Society*, vol. 15, no. 7, 997-1013.
- Paul Irish. 2017 *Hidden in Plain View,* Sydney: UNSW Press. (This book has been placed on reserve.)
- Gillian Cowlishaw. 2009 Finding Informants. In *The City's Outback*, Sydney: UNSW Press, 38-67.

Policies and Procedures

Macquarie University policies and procedures are accessible from Policy Central (https://staff.m q.edu.au/work/strategy-planning-and-governance/university-policies-and-procedures/policy-centr al). Students should be aware of the following policies in particular with regard to Learning and Teaching:

- Academic Appeals Policy
- Academic Integrity Policy
- Academic Progression Policy
- Assessment Policy
- Fitness to Practice Procedure
- Grade Appeal Policy
- Complaint Management Procedure for Students and Members of the Public
- Special Consideration Policy (Note: The Special Consideration Policy is effective from 4 December 2017 and replaces the Disruption to Studies Policy.)

Undergraduate students seeking more policy resources can visit the <u>Student Policy Gateway</u> (<u>htt</u> <u>ps://students.mq.edu.au/support/study/student-policy-gateway</u>). It is your one-stop-shop for the key policies you need to know about throughout your undergraduate student journey.

If you would like to see all the policies relevant to Learning and Teaching visit Policy Central (http s://staff.mq.edu.au/work/strategy-planning-and-governance/university-policies-and-procedures/p olicy-central).

Student Code of Conduct

Macquarie University students have a responsibility to be familiar with the Student Code of Conduct: https://students.mq.edu.au/study/getting-started/student-conduct

Results

Results shown in *iLearn*, or released directly by your Unit Convenor, are not confirmed as they are subject to final approval by the University. Once approved, final results will be sent to your student email address and will be made available in <u>eStudent</u>. For more information visit <u>ask.m</u> <u>q.edu.au</u>.

Student Support

Macquarie University provides a range of support services for students. For details, visit <u>http://stu</u> dents.mq.edu.au/support/

Learning Skills

Learning Skills (mq.edu.au/learningskills) provides academic writing resources and study strategies to improve your marks and take control of your study.

- Workshops
- StudyWise
- Academic Integrity Module for Students
- Ask a Learning Adviser

Student Services and Support

Students with a disability are encouraged to contact the **Disability Service** who can provide

appropriate help with any issues that arise during their studies.

Student Enquiries

For all student enquiries, visit Student Connect at ask.mq.edu.au

IT Help

For help with University computer systems and technology, visit <u>http://www.mq.edu.au/about_us/</u>offices_and_units/information_technology/help/.

When using the University's IT, you must adhere to the <u>Acceptable Use of IT Resources Policy</u>. The policy applies to all who connect to the MQ network including students.

Graduate Capabilities

Creative and Innovative

Our graduates will also be capable of creative thinking and of creating knowledge. They will be imaginative and open to experience and capable of innovation at work and in the community. We want them to be engaged in applying their critical, creative thinking.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcome

• Cement critical analysis and creative thinking skills through research assignments.

Assessment tasks

- Research Essay
- · Koori Sydney: site visit

Capable of Professional and Personal Judgement and Initiative

We want our graduates to have emotional intelligence and sound interpersonal skills and to demonstrate discernment and common sense in their professional and personal judgement. They will exercise initiative as needed. They will be capable of risk assessment, and be able to handle ambiguity and complexity, enabling them to be adaptable in diverse and changing environments.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Build skills in using anthropological knowledge to aid understanding of contemporary issues
- Enhance communication and interpersonal skills through oral discussion and written work that focuses on conveying understanding, argument and information in a clear and concise fashion
- Cement critical analysis and creative thinking skills through research assignments.

Assessment tasks

- Tutorial participation
- Weekly topic essay

Commitment to Continuous Learning

Our graduates will have enquiring minds and a literate curiosity which will lead them to pursue knowledge for its own sake. They will continue to pursue learning in their careers and as they participate in the world. They will be capable of reflecting on their experiences and relationships with others and the environment, learning from them, and growing - personally, professionally and socially.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcome

Build skills in using anthropological knowledge to aid understanding of contemporary issues

Assessment task

· Koori Sydney: site visit

Discipline Specific Knowledge and Skills

Our graduates will take with them the intellectual development, depth and breadth of knowledge, scholarly understanding, and specific subject content in their chosen fields to make them competent and confident in their subject or profession. They will be able to demonstrate, where relevant, professional technical competence and meet professional standards. They will be able to articulate the structure of knowledge of their discipline, be able to adapt discipline-specific knowledge to novel situations, and be able to contribute from their discipline to inter-disciplinary solutions to problems.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- · Understand the history of the human presence in Australia
- Gain insight into the complexity of Indigenous cosmologies, relations to land, and kinship systems
- Develop a critical appreciation of debates over culture, 'authenticity', the meaning of Indigenous identity and how anthropologists engage with these
- Consider the role of the state and 'state effects' in shaping, delimiting and producing Indigenous ways of being
- Develop an understanding of the settler colonial experience and the ways in which Indigenous and settler Australian worlds and identities are mutually constituted

Build skills in using anthropological knowledge to aid understanding of contemporary issues

Assessment tasks

- Tutorial participation
- Weekly topic essay
- Research Essay

Critical, Analytical and Integrative Thinking

We want our graduates to be capable of reasoning, questioning and analysing, and to integrate and synthesise learning and knowledge from a range of sources and environments; to be able to critique constraints, assumptions and limitations; to be able to think independently and systemically in relation to scholarly activity, in the workplace, and in the world. We want them to have a level of scientific and information technology literacy.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop a critical appreciation of debates over culture, 'authenticity', the meaning of Indigenous identity and how anthropologists engage with these
- Consider the role of the state and 'state effects' in shaping, delimiting and producing Indigenous ways of being
- Develop an understanding of the settler colonial experience and the ways in which Indigenous and settler Australian worlds and identities are mutually constituted
- Cement critical analysis and creative thinking skills through research assignments.

Assessment tasks

- Weekly topic essay
- Research Essay

Problem Solving and Research Capability

Our graduates should be capable of researching; of analysing, and interpreting and assessing data and information in various forms; of drawing connections across fields of knowledge; and they should be able to relate their knowledge to complex situations at work or in the world, in order to diagnose and solve problems. We want them to have the confidence to take the initiative in doing so, within an awareness of their own limitations.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

Build skills in using anthropological knowledge to aid understanding of contemporary issues

• Cement critical analysis and creative thinking skills through research assignments.

Assessment task

Research Essay

Effective Communication

We want to develop in our students the ability to communicate and convey their views in forms effective with different audiences. We want our graduates to take with them the capability to read, listen, question, gather and evaluate information resources in a variety of formats, assess, write clearly, speak effectively, and to use visual communication and communication technologies as appropriate.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Build skills in using anthropological knowledge to aid understanding of contemporary issues
- Enhance communication and interpersonal skills through oral discussion and written work that focuses on conveying understanding, argument and information in a clear and concise fashion
- Cement critical analysis and creative thinking skills through research assignments.

Assessment tasks

- Tutorial participation
- · Weekly topic essay

Engaged and Ethical Local and Global citizens

As local citizens our graduates will be aware of indigenous perspectives and of the nation's historical context. They will be engaged with the challenges of contemporary society and with knowledge and ideas. We want our graduates to have respect for diversity, to be open-minded, sensitive to others and inclusive, and to be open to other cultures and perspectives: they should have a level of cultural literacy. Our graduates should be aware of disadvantage and social justice, and be willing to participate to help create a wiser and better society.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop a critical appreciation of the value of reading a range of Indigenous texts alongside more conventional anthropological contributions
- · Understand the history of the human presence in Australia
- Gain insight into the complexity of Indigenous cosmologies, relations to land, and kinship systems

- Develop a critical appreciation of debates over culture, 'authenticity', the meaning of Indigenous identity and how anthropologists engage with these
- Consider the role of the state and 'state effects' in shaping, delimiting and producing
 Indigenous ways of being
- Develop an understanding of the settler colonial experience and the ways in which Indigenous and settler Australian worlds and identities are mutually constituted
- Build skills in using anthropological knowledge to aid understanding of contemporary issues
- Enhance communication and interpersonal skills through oral discussion and written work that focuses on conveying understanding, argument and information in a clear and concise fashion
- Cement critical analysis and creative thinking skills through research assignments.

Assessment task

· Koori Sydney: site visit

Socially and Environmentally Active and Responsible

We want our graduates to be aware of and have respect for self and others; to be able to work with others as a leader and a team player; to have a sense of connectedness with others and country; and to have a sense of mutual obligation. Our graduates should be informed and active participants in moving society towards sustainability.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop a critical appreciation of the value of reading a range of Indigenous texts alongside more conventional anthropological contributions
- Understand the history of the human presence in Australia
- Gain insight into the complexity of Indigenous cosmologies, relations to land, and kinship systems

Assessment task

• Koori Sydney: site visit