



GEOS207

Field and Laboratory Studies in Geoscience

S2 External 2014

Earth and Planetary Sciences

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General Information

Unit convenor and teaching staff

Unit Convenor

Nathan Daczko

nathan.daczko@mq.edu.au

Contact via nathan.daczko@mq.edu.au

E7A509

Lecturer, Practical Tutor

Richard Flood

richard.flood@mq.edu.au

Contact via richard.flood@mq.edu.au

E7A508

Lecturer

Norman Pearson

norman.pearson@mq.edu.au

Contact via norman.pearson@mq.edu.au

E5B205

Lecturer

James Saunders

james.saunders@mq.edu.au

Contact via james.saunders@mq.edu.au

E7A403

Richard Flood

richard.flood@mq.edu.au

Credit points

3

Prerequisites

GEOS125

Corequisites

Co-badged status

Unit description

This unit integrates projects, lectures and laboratory classes to develop theoretical knowledge and hands-on experience needed to map, describe and interpret rocks in the field and laboratory. Field studies involve remote sensing methods, conventional air photo interpretation and ground-based observations of rock types, rock structures and the relationship between geology and topography. Laboratory studies include the preparation of materials for optical and X-ray diffraction studies and the identification of minerals using these methods.

Important Academic Dates

Information about important academic dates including deadlines for withdrawing from units are available at <https://www.mq.edu.au/study/calendar-of-dates>

Learning Outcomes

On successful completion of this unit, you will be able to:

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to typify the bedrock controls on landforms and geomorphology
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis
- Develop the skills needed to describe and analyse simple field structures, including strike/dip of inclined strata, angular relations across unconformities, the style and attitude of folds, and the types of faults and their displacement
- Develop the skills needed to interpret cross-cutting relationships in the field and laboratory to determine the sequence of geoscience events for a given problem
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Develop effective team work skills
- Understand how to present ideas clearly with supporting evidence in a number of formats

General Assessment Information

The assessment consists of several components, listed below. A satisfactory standard (50% pass mark) is required in all components.

Case study	15%
Online quizzes	15%
Fieldwork	20%
Final examination	50%

Assessment Tasks

Name	Weighting	Due
Forensic science part 1	4%	Wednesday Week 4
Forensic science part 2	4%	Wednesday Week 7
Forensic science part 3	7%	Wednesday Week 10
Weekly Quizzes	15%	Each week
Hill End field trip	20%	First five days of break
Final examination	50%	Examination period

Forensic science part 1

Due: **Wednesday Week 4**

Weighting: **4%**

Part 1: Online quiz – download the questions, make the calculations (mineral classifications from EMP and U-Pb data plotting to determine dates) and then complete the quiz (25% of case study)

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory

techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis

- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Understand how to present ideas clearly with supporting evidence in a number of formats

Forensic science part 2

Due: **Wednesday Week 7**

Weighting: **4%**

Part 2: Rock table, XRF data and petrographic description (25% of case study)

- o Complete the table downloadable from iLearn, with the descriptive geologic sample names (e.g. biotite-muscovite schist) you have determined for the unknown rocks from your petrographic analysis and which unit it most likely matches on the geologic map (if any)
- o Plot the XRF data onto the exploration classification figure provided
- o Write one full petrographic description – with copious illustrations

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Understand how to present ideas clearly with supporting evidence in a number of formats

Forensic science part 3

Due: **Wednesday Week 10**

Weighting: **7%**

Part 3: History table and report: Interpretation of the geological history of the area (40% of case

study) and your main results in the form of a two-page report to the police (10% of case study)

o Complete the A3 size table by hand (download from iLearn), neatly filled out or type into the cells in Excel

o The two-page report should piece together your analysis of the map, the one page from the victim's notebook, the geophysics interpretation, the thin sections, the sand samples and XRF data. Some questions to consider:

- How many unique rock types are there?
 - What are the rock types and their mineralogy?
 - Do the rock types link to the map or not?
 - Are the rock types restricted to a certain area on the map?
 - Why, in your opinion, did the geologist have that rock in their car?
 - Do any of the rocks match the murder weapon or those used to weigh down the body?
 - Does any of the rock analysis help with motive or piecing together the how/where/when of the murder and disposal of the body?
 - What were the various sand grains?
 - Are they specific to any of the samples analysed petrographically or on the map or have they been kicking around the Earth's surface for a while (stable)?
 - Does any of the sand help with motive or piecing together the how/where/when of the murder and disposal of the body?
 - Who should the police arrest and why?
 - Is there a consistent story or are there multiple options?
 - What further investigations or queries should the police make and why?
 - If given more time and a further \$10,000 consulting fee (wow – you are expensive), what further analyses might you do to clinch a conviction for the police once an arrest was made?
- N.B. Marks will be deducted for reports that are too long – clear and succinct writing is an important skill, valued by professionals. It may take you a few drafts to rewrite your text and fit all of the information into the page limit.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Understand how to present ideas clearly with supporting evidence in a number of formats

Weekly Quizzes

Due: **Each week**

Weighting: **15%**

There will be a series of online quizzes each week. The questions are drawn from the information given in lectures and this unit of study booklet. iLearn has details of which lectures and what part of the booklet the questions are drawn from. You will also be required to complete a Virtual Petrographic Microscope or stereonet task each week and submit your answers in the weekly quiz.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
- Develop the skills needed to describe and analyse simple field structures, including strike/dip of inclined strata, angular relations across unconformities, the style and attitude of folds, and the types of faults and their displacement
- Develop the skills needed to interpret cross-cutting relationships in the field and laboratory to determine the sequence of geoscience events for a given problem
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information

Hill End field trip

Due: **First five days of break**

Weighting: **20%**

There will be a short field trip (approximately 5 days, including travel), run in the mid-semester break, to train you in geoscience field techniques. Most assessment tasks are handed in during the field trip.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to typify the bedrock controls on landforms and geomorphology
- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to describe and analyse simple field structures, including strike/dip of inclined strata, angular relations across unconformities, the style and attitude of folds, and the types of faults and their displacement
- Develop the skills needed to interpret cross-cutting relationships in the field and laboratory to determine the sequence of geoscience events for a given problem
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Final examination

Due: **Examination period**

Weighting: **50%**

The final exam will cover material from the lectures, class practical exercises and case studies. Questions will draw on information and ideas from the whole unit to give an integrated view of the unit. The exam will include questions that ask you to apply your knowledge to interpret and solve problems. You will be allowed to take one A4 page of notes into the exam, otherwise it is closed book.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Develop the skills needed to typify the bedrock controls on landforms and geomorphology
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and

petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections

- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis
- Develop the skills needed to describe and analyse simple field structures, including strike/dip of inclined strata, angular relations across unconformities, the style and attitude of folds, and the types of faults and their displacement
- Develop the skills needed to interpret cross-cutting relationships in the field and laboratory to determine the sequence of geoscience events for a given problem
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Delivery and Resources

This unit can be seen as three interconnected streams. A lecture stream will give a broad overview of the topics, provide background information and introduce new ideas and concepts that link in with the laboratory practical and case study streams.

There will be one case study submitted in parts throughout the semester. The case study is an extended enquiry into a real geo-scientific problem. This problem is different to the ones that you would typically find in textbooks, and more closely resembles the investigations that scientists face in the real world, with many interacting factors and a number of possible solutions.

The case study will allow you to explore the ideas in depth and will provide an effective and, we hope, enjoyable method of learning. There is also the added benefit of providing you with opportunities to develop generic skills and graduate capabilities such as problem solving, teamwork, communication, accessing and evaluating information and in using scientific approaches to solve problems.

You will be working individually for the case study, both in attempting to solve the problem and to produce a final report. However, you are encouraged to consult with others in the class and to help each other with the work, although, final reports should be done individually. You will be expected to do substantial research outside of the scheduled time (e.g. library and/or web-based literature search, data processing and plotting).

An optional part of the unit involves using computers and Geographic Information Systems (GIS). Other technology that we will use involves laboratory equipment including petrographic microscopes and geochemical instruments housed in the Geochemical Analysis Unit (GAU) such as the electron microprobe (EMP) and scanning electron microscope (SEM).

Field trip

During this unit of study you will be required to attend the field trip; it forms an essential part of the unit and builds upon skills you may have learnt in GEOS226 / GEOS811 Introduction to Field Geology. You are provided with more detail of the field trip later, but for now you should take special note of the following:

- *Equipment*

The basic requirements are a hand lens, magnet, and some method of testing mineral hardness (e.g. a pocket knife, Ni-alloy coin, etc.). Buy a geological hammer only if you intend to continue in a geological field. As the weather is not always kind, note taking can be a problem if ballpoint or ink pens are used. Pencils are recommended. Learn to be neat and tidy in these initial stages, and form a good habit early. It is much easier to discipline yourself now than to change habits later.

- *Clothing*

Everyone has their own idea of comfort, but some common features of field clothing are obvious. Wear sensible, tough footwear, such as boots or strong sneakers. Thongs, fashion shoes and street shoes are useless and unacceptable. We will be walking over some irregular rock outcrops and may be in snake-infested areas. We cannot guarantee good quality weather; so you should have waterproof clothing. Long trousers, such as jeans, are safer than shorts. Bring a hat and sunscreen.

Time Allocation

According to Macquarie University guidelines, you are required to spend 39 hours of study per credit point. For GEOS207 this works out to approximately four hours per week at the lecture/ laboratory sessions, the field trip and approximately three hours per week doing at home study. Conscientious use of this time, particularly if it is spread over the whole semester will provide its reward.

Unit Schedule

	Lecture 1 Monday 10-11 (E6A 133)	Lecture 2 Thursday 1-2 (W6B 336)	Practical session Monday 11-1 or 2-4 or Thursday 2-4
Week 1	Unit overview & introduction to microscopy	Mineral identification & Virtual Petrographic Microscope	Practical 1: Transmitted light microscopy
Aug. 4	<i>ND</i>	<i>ND</i>	<i>RF</i>

Week 2 Aug. 11	Mineral groups <i>RF</i>	Crystal systems & Minerals <i>RF</i>	Practical 2: Plane-polarised light microscopy <i>RF</i>
Week 3 Aug. 18	Laboratory analysis of rocks <i>NP</i>	Classification of garnet, feldspar and amphibole <i>ND</i>	Practical 3: Crossed-polarised light microscopy <i>RF</i>
Week 4 Aug. 25	Petrographic descriptions <i>ND</i>	Reading the conditions of igneous crystallisation <i>RF</i>	Practical 4: Special microscope techniques <i>RF</i>
Week 5 Sept. 1	Interplay between structure and relief – bows and vees <i>ND</i>	Folding is ubiquitous <i>ND</i>	Practical 5: Stereographic projection <i>ND</i>
Week 6 Sept. 8	Minor field structures <i>ND</i>	Fault rocks and structures <i>ND</i>	Practical 6: p-analysis of folds <i>ND</i>
Week 7 Sept. 15	Significance of gaps in the geological record <i>ND</i>	Discovering past events on maps - practice <i>ND</i>	Practical 7: Geological history 1 <i>ND</i>
Break: Field trip to Hill End 20-24 Sept.			
Week 8 Oct. 6	<i>NO CLASSES</i>	<i>NO CLASSES</i>	[At home exercise] Practical 8: Virtual Petrographic Microscope
Week 9 Oct. 13	Field structures of igneous rocks <i>RF</i>	Introduction to economic geology <i>ES</i>	Practical 10: Analysing unknown thin sections <i>RF</i>
Week 10 Oct. 20	<i>NO CLASSES</i>	<i>NO CLASSES</i>	[At home exercise] Practical 13: Virtual Petrographic Microscope

Week 11 Oct. 27	Metallic ore deposits and their field relations <i>ES</i>	Crystal systems & Miller indices <i>RF</i>	Practical 11: Metamorphic rock microscopy <i>RF</i>
Week 12 Nov. 3	Metamorphic microstructure <i>ND</i>	Microstructure of deformed rocks <i>ND</i>	Practical 9: Geological history 2 <i>ND</i>
Week 13 Nov. 10	Metamorphism <i>ND</i>	Revision <i>ND</i>	Practical 12: Advanced microscopy <i>RF</i>

Policies and Procedures

Macquarie University policies and procedures are accessible from [Policy Central](#). Students should be aware of the following policies in particular with regard to Learning and Teaching:

Academic Honesty Policy http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/academic_honesty/policy.html

Assessment Policy <http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/assessment/policy.html>

Grading Policy <http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/grading/policy.html>

Grade Appeal Policy <http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/gradeappeal/policy.html>

Grievance Management Policy http://mq.edu.au/policy/docs/grievance_management/policy.html

Disruption to Studies Policy http://www.mq.edu.au/policy/docs/disruption_studies/policy.html *The Disruption to Studies Policy is effective from March 3 2014 and replaces the Special Consideration Policy.*

In addition, a number of other policies can be found in the [Learning and Teaching Category](#) of Policy Central.

Student Code of Conduct

Macquarie University students have a responsibility to be familiar with the Student Code of Conduct: https://students.mq.edu.au/support/student_conduct/

Student Support

Macquarie University provides a range of support services for students. For details, visit <http://students.mq.edu.au/support/>

Learning Skills

Learning Skills (mq.edu.au/learningskills) provides academic writing resources and study strategies to improve your marks and take control of your study.

- [Workshops](#)
- [StudyWise](#)
- [Academic Integrity Module for Students](#)
- [Ask a Learning Adviser](#)

Student Services and Support

Students with a disability are encouraged to contact the [Disability Service](#) who can provide appropriate help with any issues that arise during their studies.

Student Enquiries

For all student enquiries, visit Student Connect at ask.mq.edu.au

IT Help

For help with University computer systems and technology, visit <http://informatics.mq.edu.au/help/>.

When using the University's IT, you must adhere to the [Acceptable Use Policy](#). The policy applies to all who connect to the MQ network including students.

Graduate Capabilities

Capable of Professional and Personal Judgement and Initiative

We want our graduates to have emotional intelligence and sound interpersonal skills and to demonstrate discernment and common sense in their professional and personal judgement. They will exercise initiative as needed. They will be capable of risk assessment, and be able to handle ambiguity and complexity, enabling them to be adaptable in diverse and changing environments.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe

analysis

- Develop the skills needed to describe and analyse simple field structures, including strike/dip of inclined strata, angular relations across unconformities, the style and attitude of folds, and the types of faults and their displacement
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Develop effective team work skills
- Understand how to present ideas clearly with supporting evidence in a number of formats

Assessment tasks

- Forensic science part 1
- Forensic science part 2
- Forensic science part 3
- Weekly Quizzes
- Hill End field trip
- Final examination

Commitment to Continuous Learning

Our graduates will have enquiring minds and a literate curiosity which will lead them to pursue knowledge for its own sake. They will continue to pursue learning in their careers and as they participate in the world. They will be capable of reflecting on their experiences and relationships with others and the environment, learning from them, and growing - personally, professionally and socially.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Develop effective team work skills
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Discipline Specific Knowledge and Skills

Our graduates will take with them the intellectual development, depth and breadth of knowledge, scholarly understanding, and specific subject content in their chosen fields to make them competent and confident in their subject or profession. They will be able to demonstrate, where relevant, professional technical competence and meet professional standards. They will be able to articulate the structure of knowledge of their discipline, be able to adapt discipline-specific knowledge to novel situations, and be able to contribute from their discipline to inter-disciplinary solutions to problems.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to typify the bedrock controls on landforms and geomorphology
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
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- Develop the skills needed to interpret cross-cutting relationships in the field and laboratory to determine the sequence of geoscience events for a given problem
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you

Assessment tasks

- Forensic science part 1
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Critical, Analytical and Integrative Thinking

We want our graduates to be capable of reasoning, questioning and analysing, and to integrate and synthesise learning and knowledge from a range of sources and environments; to be able to critique constraints, assumptions and limitations; to be able to think independently and systemically in relation to scholarly activity, in the workplace, and in the world. We want them to have a level of scientific and information technology literacy.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to typify the bedrock controls on landforms and geomorphology
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
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- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
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- Understand how to present ideas clearly with supporting evidence in a number of formats

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Problem Solving and Research Capability

Our graduates should be capable of researching; of analysing, and interpreting and assessing data and information in various forms; of drawing connections across fields of knowledge; and they should be able to relate their knowledge to complex situations at work or in the world, in order to diagnose and solve problems. We want them to have the confidence to take the initiative in doing so, within an awareness of their own limitations.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to typify the bedrock controls on landforms and geomorphology
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
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- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you

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Creative and Innovative

Our graduates will also be capable of creative thinking and of creating knowledge. They will be imaginative and open to experience and capable of innovation at work and in the community. We want them to be engaged in applying their critical, creative thinking.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to typify the bedrock controls on landforms and geomorphology
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
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- Develop the skills needed to interpret cross-cutting relationships in the field and laboratory to determine the sequence of geoscience events for a given problem

- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Develop effective team work skills
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Effective Communication

We want to develop in our students the ability to communicate and convey their views in forms effective with different audiences. We want our graduates to take with them the capability to read, listen, question, gather and evaluate information resources in a variety of formats, assess, write clearly, speak effectively, and to use visual communication and communication technologies as appropriate.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis
- Develop the skills needed to describe and analyse simple field structures, including strike/dip of inclined strata, angular relations across unconformities, the style and attitude of folds, and the types of faults and their displacement
- Develop the skills needed to interpret cross-cutting relationships in the field and laboratory to determine the sequence of geoscience events for a given problem
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Engaged and Ethical Local and Global citizens

As local citizens our graduates will be aware of indigenous perspectives and of the nation's historical context. They will be engaged with the challenges of contemporary society and with knowledge and ideas. We want our graduates to have respect for diversity, to be open-minded, sensitive to others and inclusive, and to be open to other cultures and perspectives: they should have a level of cultural literacy. Our graduates should be aware of disadvantage and social justice, and be willing to participate to help create a wiser and better society.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Develop effective team work skills
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- Hill End field trip
- Final examination

Socially and Environmentally Active and Responsible

We want our graduates to be aware of and have respect for self and others; to be able to work

with others as a leader and a team player; to have a sense of connectedness with others and country; and to have a sense of mutual obligation. Our graduates should be informed and active participants in moving society towards sustainability.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- Develop the skills needed to select appropriate techniques to characterise and analyse geoscience materials (e.g. rocks, minerals, soils, etc)
- Develop the skills needed to typify the bedrock controls on landforms and geomorphology
- Develop the skills needed to utilise the power of back-scattered electron microscopy and petrographic microscopic analysis of thin sections
- Develop the skills needed to interpret the significance of microstructures in geoscience materials
- Develop the skills needed to undertake projects of a complex nature
- Develop the skills needed to report on the results of common geochemical laboratory techniques such as x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and electron microprobe analysis
- Develop the skills needed to describe and analyse simple field structures, including strike/dip of inclined strata, angular relations across unconformities, the style and attitude of folds, and the types of faults and their displacement
- Understand how to apply geoscientific principles to understanding the world around you
- Understand how to access, use and synthesise appropriate information
- Develop effective team work skills
- Understand how to present ideas clearly with supporting evidence in a number of formats

Assessment tasks

- Forensic science part 1
- Forensic science part 2
- Forensic science part 3
- Weekly Quizzes
- Hill End field trip
- Final examination

Changes from Previous Offering

We are interested in your ideas about how the unit is progressing and how it can be improved. At

certain points during the semester, you will be invited to fill out a brief survey (1 page) or have a class discussion to give us some feedback on how you find the unit content and presentation methods. There will also be opportunities at the end of the unit to give an overall impression. If you have any particular comments (good and bad) or ideas on how to make the unit better, please let your tutor know. There have been many changes made to previous offerings over the past few years based on student feedback. For example, the first case study assignment has been deleted and the other case study is now spread out over the semester with parts of the case study due every few weeks. This allowed us to bring the deadlines of each part forward to get their deadlines out of the times students indicated they had a high assignment load. To accommodate this change we have also moved some of the microscope practical classes to the end of the unit to bring forward the map interpretation aspects. In another example, we introduced the online quizzes in 2009 following feedback from students who requested a more structured guide to their at home study time. Most students find this very useful as it makes them read the background notes, allowing them to get more out of the practical classes. In 2013, we introduced the virtual petrographic microscope and associated online quizzes. Compared with previous classes, the 2013 class performed better in the final examination, correctly identifying 81% of the minerals on average. In addition, the percentage of students correctly identifying 100% of the minerals in the examination increased from 11% in the 2011 examination to 24% in 2013. We also introduced practice stereonet problems to the online quizzes in 2013. The performance on the stereonet question in the final examination improved from an average score of 42% in the 2011 examination to 59% in 2013. The results demonstrate that the introduction of practice problems improves examination scores.