



# POIX3920

## United States Politics: Money, Culture, Power

Session 2, Fully online/virtual 2020

*Department of Modern History, Politics & International Relations*

### Contents

<a href="#"><u>General Information</u></a>	2
<a href="#"><u>Learning Outcomes</u></a>	2
<a href="#"><u>General Assessment Information</u></a>	3
<a href="#"><u>Assessment Tasks</u></a>	4
<a href="#"><u>Delivery and Resources</u></a>	7
<a href="#"><u>Unit Schedule</u></a>	14
<a href="#"><u>Policies and Procedures</u></a>	15

#### Disclaimer

Macquarie University has taken all reasonable measures to ensure the information in this publication is accurate and up-to-date. However, the information may change or become out-dated as a result of change in University policies, procedures or rules. The University reserves the right to make changes to any information in this publication without notice. Users of this publication are advised to check the website version of this publication [or the relevant faculty or department] before acting on any information in this publication.

#### Notice

As part of [Phase 3 of our return to campus plan](#), most units will now run tutorials, seminars and other small group learning activities on campus for the second half-year, while keeping an online version available for those students unable to return or those who choose to continue their studies online.

To check the availability of face-to-face and online activities for your unit, please go to [timetable viewer](#). To check detailed information on unit assessments visit your unit's iLearn space or consult your unit convenor.

## General Information

Unit convenor and teaching staff

Convenor and Lecturer

Lloyd Cox

[lloyd.cox@mq.edu.au](mailto:lloyd.cox@mq.edu.au)

Contact via 98504096

Friday 10-12

Tutor

Conor Keane

[conor.keane@mq.edu.au](mailto:conor.keane@mq.edu.au)

TBA

TBA

Credit points

10

Prerequisites

130cp at 1000 level or above OR (20cp in HIST or MHIS or POL or POIR or MHIX or POIX units at 2000 level)

Corequisites

Co-badged status

Unit description

US politics is today, as in much of its past, dominated by money and the power that money can buy. US cultural life is also preoccupied with money, in ways that profoundly affect the distribution of political power. Proceeding from these premises, this unit explores the relationship between money, culture and power in contemporary US politics. Topics covered include campaign financing, interest groups and the media; the impact of social inequalities of class, race, gender and sexual preference on US politics; the role of religion and political parties in the formulation of dominant political ideas; and the politics surrounding the global financial crisis and its aftermath.

## Important Academic Dates

Information about important academic dates including deadlines for withdrawing from units are available at <https://www.mq.edu.au/study/calendar-of-dates>

## Learning Outcomes

On successful completion of this unit, you will be able to:

**ULO1:** Analyse and interpret primary and secondary US political sources and present the information in a written form

**ULO2:** Distinguish between competing interpretations of key US political issues, and succinctly express the strengths and weaknesses of these interpretations in written and oral form

**ULO3:** Plausibly explain how and why Donald Trump won the 2016 Presidential election

**ULO4:** Articulate your knowledge of US politics in virtual discussions and understand the articulation between money, culture and power in US politics

## General Assessment Information

### Assessment One

Due: **Friday, 28/8/2020, Minor Essay 20%** This is a hurdle assessment task (see [assessment policy](#) for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)

This piece of assessment will involve writing a 1000-1200 word essay from from topics drawn from the first four weeks of the unit.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- You will be able to distinguish between competing interpretations of key US political issues, and succinctly express the strengths and weaknesses of these interpretations in written and oral form
- You will be able to plausibly explain how and why Donald Trump won the 2016 Presidential election
- You will understand the articulation between money, culture and power in US politics

### Assessment Two

Due: **Friday, 2/10/2019 Major Essay** Weighting: **40%** This is a hurdle assessment task (see [assessment policy](#) for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)

This is a 2000 word essay +/- 10%, with topics drawn from across the unit. To give students plenty of time to think about and prepare their essays, the list of topics will be handed out in week two of the unit. Extensions will only be granted under the most exceptional of circumstances. All late work will be subject to the Arts Faculty's late submissions policy (see below). Students should submit their essays through Turnitin.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- By the end of this unit you will be able to analyse and interpret primary and secondary US political sources and present the information in a written form
- You will be able to distinguish between competing interpretations of key US political issues, and succinctly express the strengths and weaknesses of these interpretations in

written and oral form

- You will be able to plausibly explain how and why Donald Trump won the 2016 Presidential election
- You will understand the articulation between money, culture and power in US politics

## Assessment Three: Discussion board participation

Due: **All year** Weighting: **10%**

These marks are for participation in the online discussion board. Thus students need to meaningfully contribute on a weekly basis. contribute.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- You will be able to distinguish between competing interpretations of key US political issues, and succinctly express the strengths and weaknesses of these interpretations in written and oral form
- You will be able to articulate your knowledge of US politics in group discussions
- You will understand the articulation between money, culture and power in US politics

## Assessment four

Due: **Friday-Sunday, 6/11/2019-8/11/2020** Weighting: **30%** **This is a hurdle assessment task (see [assessment policy](#) for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)**

The final, online exam will require you to write three short essays, drawn from topics across the entire unit. The emphasis will be on testing your knowledge in particular areas, though clear and concise writing will also be very helpful in demonstrating what you do know. For internal and external students, the exam will be conducted online over the weekend following the final day of semester. i.e., the exam will be posted on the morning of Friday 6 November, and you must submit it by midnight on Sunday, 8 November.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- By the end of this unit you will be able to analyse and interpret primary and secondary US political sources and present the information in a written form
- You will be able to distinguish between competing interpretations of key US political issues, and succinctly express the strengths and weaknesses of these interpretations in written and oral form
- You will understand the articulation between money, culture and power in US politics

## Assessment Tasks

Name	Weighting	Hurdle	Due
<a href="#">Assessment Two, Major Essay</a>	40%	No	Friday, 2 October

Name	Weighting	Hurdle	Due
<a href="#">Assessment Four, Final Exam</a>	30%	Yes	6-8 November
<a href="#">Assessment One, Minor Essay</a>	20%	Yes	Friday, 28 August
<a href="#">Assessment Three, Discussion Board Participation</a>	10%	Yes	All year

## Assessment Two, Major Essay

Assessment Type <sup>1</sup>: Essay

Indicative Time on Task <sup>2</sup>: 32 hours

Due: **Friday, 2 October**

Weighting: **40%**

This is a 2000-word essay +/- 10%, with topics drawn from across the unit, which allows students to explore a research topic in depth

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Analyse and interpret primary and secondary US political sources and present the information in a written form
- Distinguish between competing interpretations of key US political issues, and succinctly express the strengths and weaknesses of these interpretations in written and oral form
- Plausibly explain how and why Donald Trump won the 2016 Presidential election

## Assessment Four, Final Exam

Assessment Type <sup>1</sup>: Examination

Indicative Time on Task <sup>2</sup>: 25 hours

Due: **6-8 November**

Weighting: **30%**

**This is a hurdle assessment task (see [assessment policy](#) for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)**

The final exam for external students will be conducted over the weekend following the week (week 13). Students will write three short essays, drawn from topics across the entire unit. The emphasis will be on testing your knowledge in particular areas, though clear and concise writing will also be very helpful in demonstrating what you do know. The topics will be placed on ilearn by midday on Friday of the final week and should be submitted on Turnitin by midnight on the Sunday of that weekend.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Analyse and interpret primary and secondary US political sources and present the information in a written form

- Distinguish between competing interpretations of key US political issues, and succinctly express the strengths and weaknesses of these interpretations in written and oral form
- Plausibly explain how and why Donald Trump won the 2016 Presidential election

## Assessment One, Minor Essay

Assessment Type <sup>1</sup>: Essay

Indicative Time on Task <sup>2</sup>: 16 hours

Due: **Friday, 28 August**

Weighting: **20%**

**This is a hurdle assessment task (see [assessment policy](#) for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)**

This is a 1000 word essay +/- 10%, which will cover topics from the first month of the unit. Essay topics will be put on ilearn in week one, with more detailed instructions. Students must submit their essays through turnitin. Extensions will only be granted under the most exceptional of circumstances. All late work will be subject to the Arts Faculty's late submissions policy

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Analyse and interpret primary and secondary US political sources and present the information in a written form
- Distinguish between competing interpretations of key US political issues, and succinctly express the strengths and weaknesses of these interpretations in written and oral form
- Plausibly explain how and why Donald Trump won the 2016 Presidential election

## Assessment Three, Discussion Board Participation

Assessment Type <sup>1</sup>: Participatory task

Indicative Time on Task <sup>2</sup>: 12 hours

Due: **All year**

Weighting: **10%**

**This is a hurdle assessment task (see [assessment policy](#) for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)**

The emphasis will be on discussion board participation exploring contemporary issues in US politics. Students will be assessed on the quality of their contributions, with a grading rubric being placed on ilearn so that students are clearer about the criteria on which they are being assessed.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- Articulate your knowledge of US politics in virtual discussions and understand the articulation between money, culture and power in US politics

---

<sup>1</sup> If you need help with your assignment, please contact:

- the academic teaching staff in your unit for guidance in understanding or completing this type of assessment
- the [Writing Centre](#) for academic skills support.

<sup>2</sup> Indicative time-on-task is an estimate of the time required for completion of the assessment task and is subject to individual variation

## Delivery and Resources

### Delivery and Resources

## United States Politics: Money, Culture, Power - POL392

Welcome to United States Politics: Money, Culture, Power. US politics is today, as in much of its past, dominated by money and the power that money can buy. US cultural life is also preoccupied with money, in ways that profoundly affect the distribution of political power. Proceeding from these premises, this unit explores the relationship between money, culture and power in contemporary US politics, paying particular attention to the 2016 Presidential election and its subsequent repercussions, and looking forward to the 2020 elections. Topics covered include elections, campaigns and campaign financing; political parties in US politics; social inequalities of race, class, gender and sexual preference; political emotions, the media and post-truth politics; religion and the formulation of dominant political ideas; and the politics of the Alt-Right. These topics will be covered in a weekly, online two hour lectures, and a weekly one hour tutorial.

You will enhance your prospects of doing well in this unit by:

- Listening to and reviewing all lectures
- Making regular verbal contributions to the Discussion Board
- doing all the required reading and at least some of the supplementary reading (while also taking notes from these readings)
- regularly reading US news and media sources
- Conscientiously preparing for each assessment task

### Lecture Outlines and Required Reading

#### Week One: Introduction: Money, Culture, Power and US Exceptionalism

An enduring feature of American political life is the belief in US exceptionalism – the idea that the United States is a unique polity that embodies liberty and democracy in a way that is or should be a beacon for the rest of the world. In this week, we explore the origins of American exceptionalism, and discuss the ways in which it relates to the organizing themes of this unit - money, culture, power.

**Readings: No required reading for this week, though students are encouraged to start reading for the following week.**



## **Week Two: Explaining the 2016 US Election**

The 2016 Presidential election stunned the World with the unexpected election of Donald Trump. This was despite polling that consistently predicted a Clinton victory, and despite Trump receiving nearly 3 million fewer votes than Clinton. This lecture explains how and why this occurred. We discuss the reasons the polls were so wrong, before analysing the electoral college system that enabled the candidate with fewer votes to win. This is followed by a detailed examination of Trump's winning electoral coalition and path to victory, followed by a consideration of how things are shaping up for the 2020 election. All of this is linked to a broader discussion of continuity and change in US party politics and political culture, which anticipates content explored in subsequent lectures.

### **Readings:**

Rob Griffin, Ruy Teixeira and John Halpin, 'Voter Trends in 2016: A Final Examination,' Center for American Progress (2017), No pagination.

John Sides, Michael Tesler and Lynn Vavreck, 'The 2016 U.S. Election: How Trump Lost and Won,' *Journal of Democracy* Vol. 28, 2 (2017), Pp. 34-44.

The Pew Research Center, 'An Examination of the 2016 Electorate, Based on Validated Voters (2018) <https://www.people-press.org/2018/08/09/an-examination-of-the-2016-electorate-based-on-validated-voters/>

Emily Ekins, 'Five Types of Trump Voters: Who They Are and What They Believe,' Center for American Progress (2017) No Pagination.

## **Week Three: Elections, Campaigns and Campaign Financing**

This lecture demystifies the US electoral system and key campaigning issues with which it is entwined. As well as outlining the mechanics of electoral processes for Congress and for the Presidency, we discuss the main techniques of voter identification and mobilization. We conclude by focusing on the vexed question of money in US politics and electoral funding. Can elections and political office be bought?

### **Readings:**

Denis W. Johnson, *Campaigning in the Twenty-First Century: Activism, Big Data, and Dark Money* (New York: Routledge, 2016) pp. 77-92.

Thomas Stratman, 'Campaign Finance: A Review and an Assessment of the State of the Literature' in Roger D. Congleton, Bernard N. Grofman, and Stefan Voigt (eds), *Oxford Handbook of Public Choice* (New York: Oxford University Press, 2019), pp. 1-28.

## **Week Four: The Republican Party**

The American two Party system emerged in the nineteenth century, and endures to this day,



though in a very different form. We here discuss the emergence of the modern Republican Party and the subsequent changes in its politics and its key constituencies. How did the party of Lincoln become the Party of Trump? To answer this question, we pay particular attention to the transformations of the GOP since 1964, and the shift in its power base from the Mid-West and North East to the South and South West, as it has become more politically conservative.

### **Readings:**

Alan Ware, 'Donald Trump's Hijacking of the Republican Party in Historical Perspective,' *The Political Quarterly*, Vol. 87: 3 (2016), pp. 406-414.

Charles J. Sykes, *How the Right Lost Its Mind* (London: Biteback Publishing, 2017), pp. 3-18.

Matthew C. MacWilliams, 'Who Decides When the Party Doesn't? Authoritarian Voters and the Rise of Trump' *Political Science and Politics*, Vol 49:4 (2016) pp. 716-721.

## **Week Five: The Democratic Party**

The Democratic Party was once the champion of white supremacy, slavery and segregation in the South. In the 1930s it emerged as the party of the New Deal for American workers and, in the 1960s, the party advancing civil rights and the 'Great Society'. Today, it is unclear what the Democratic Party stands for and for whom it stands. In this lecture we examine how the party of Roosevelt became the Party of Clinton(s), and explore the contradictions between its centrist and left factions. we also consider its chances in the 2020 election.

### **Readings:**

Lance Selfa, *The Democrats: A Critical History* (2nd edn) (Chicago: Haymarket Books, 2012), pp. 63-85.

Thomas Frank, *Listen, Liberal: or What Ever Happened to the Party of the People?* (Melbourne: Scribe, 2016), pp. 217-245.

Timothy Shenk, 'The Next Democratic Party,' *Dissent*, Vol 64: 1 (2017), pp. 12-15

## **Week Six: Post Racial or Most Racial?**

After Barack Obama won the Presidency in 2008, many pundits declared the dawn of a post racial America. This proved to be a false dawn. People of colour continue to be disadvantaged in many areas of social and political life, and structural racism persists in an era of supposed colour blindness. In the first of three weeks that focus on the centrality of race in US politics, we begin exploring the origins and contemporary manifestations of these inequities.

### **Readings:**

Brian F. Schaffner, Mathew MacWilliams and Tatishe Nteta, 'Understanding White Polarization in the 2016 Vote for the President: The Sobering Role of Racism and Sexism', *Political Science Quarterly*, Vol. 133: 1 (2018), pp. 9-34.

Carol Anderson, *White Rage: The Unspoken Truth of Our Racial Divide* (New York: Bloomsbury,

2016), pp. 138-160.

Carol Anderson, *One Person, No Vote: How Voter Suppression is Destroying Our Democracy* (New York: Bloomsbury, 2018), pp. 72-95.

### **Week Seven: The New Jim Crow: Race, Incarceration and (in)Justice**

Since the early 1970s, the politics of law and order has become a pervasive US preoccupation. This has been manifested in spiraling rates of incarceration, and a militarization of US policing. The weight of this shift has fallen disproportionately on African Americans males, who are now imprisoned in record numbers. This week we examine why.

#### **Readings:**

Michelle Alexander, *The New Jim Crow: Mass Incarceration in the Age of Colorblindness* (New York: The New York Press, 2012), pp. 97-139.

Loic Wacquant, 'Class, Race and Hyperincarceration in Revanchist America,' *Socialism and Democracy*, 28:3 (2014), pp. 35-56,

### **Week Eight: Race, Class and the Destruction of the Welfare State**

Continuing where we left off last week, we deepen our exploration of the connection between race inequality, class inequality, and the destruction of the welfare state since the 1970s. The US never had the developed welfare states that prevailed in Northern Europe, Scandinavia and Australasia, but it did nonetheless develop welfare systems that gave a modicum of social security to the less fortunate. These have been systematically dismantled by both Republican and Democratic administrations, over a period of several decades, with disastrous consequences for disadvantaged people regardless of ethnic background. We examine why.

#### **Readings:**

Christopher Faricy, 'Partisanship, Class, and Attitudes towards the Divided Welfare State,' *The Forum*, Vol. 15: 1: (2017), pp. 111–126.

Hana E. Brown, 'Racialized Conflict and Policy Spillover Effects: The Role of Race in the Contemporary U.S. Welfare State,' *American Journal of Sociology*, Vol. 119: 2 (2013), pp. pp. 394-443.

### **Week Nine: Political Emotions in the Age of Post-Truth Politics**

Political science has historically been wedded to a rational actor view of political preferences, behaviour and voting. This approach is being increasingly discredited, as social scientists begin to appreciate that reason and rationality are frequently trumped by passions and emotions in politics, as contemporary developments in the US so clearly demonstrate. In the first of two lectures, we begin exploring the ways in which human emotions are collectivized and deployed for political purposes. We will be paying particular attention to the ways that emotions like fear,

anger, humiliation, hate and love are used instrumentally by politicians to mobilize supporters, as Trump so successfully did in the Republican primaries and Presidential election.

### **Readings:**

Lloyd Cox and Steve Wood, "'Got Him' Revenge, Emotions and the Killing of Osama Bin Laden', *Review of International Studies*, Vol. 43: 1 (2017), pp. 112–129.

Paula Ionide, *The Emotional Politics of Racism: How Feelings Trump Facts in an Era of Colorblindness* (Stanford: Stanford University Press, 2015), pp. 1-26.

Karin Wahl-Jorgensen, 'Public Displays of Disaffection: The Emotional Politics of Donald Trump', in Pablo J. Boczkowski and Zizi Papacharissi (eds) *Trump and the Media* (Cambridge, Mass: MIT Press, 2018), pp. 79-86.

## **Week Ten: Political Emotions, Media and Social Media**

Emotional contagion, which was discussed in the previous lecture, is today transmitted via traditional and social media. Without necessarily knowing it, significant constituencies take their emotional cues from what they see, hear and read in mass and social media. This week we examine the changing role of media and social media in US politics. The emphasis will be on the broader relationship between politics and social media, money and the cult of celebrity that seems to now pervade so many aspects of US cultural and political life. We examine the deeper structural and cultural forces that shape these developments, and discuss the growing political polarization that they encourage.

### **Reading:**

Michael Kimmel, *Angry White Men: American Masculinity at the End of an Era* (New York: Nation Books, 2017), pp. 31-68.

Cass R. Sunstein, *#Republic: Divided Democracy in the Age of Social Media* (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2017), pp. 59-97.

## **Week Eleven: The Religious Right**

Despite the formal, constitutional separation between church and state in the US, religion plays a more important role in US politics than in any other comparable western state. We explore why this is and analyse how it is manifested. We pay particular attention to the influence that the Religious Right has exercised over the contemporary Republican Party, and ask how their values can be reconciled with a Trump Presidency.

### **Reading:**

Travis Gettys, 'Former Evangelical Republican warns the religious right's support of Trump will harm Christianity' *Salon.com* (2019) [https://www.salon.com/2019/07/08/former-evangelical-republican-warns-the-religious-rights-support-of-trump-will-harm-christianity\\_partner/](https://www.salon.com/2019/07/08/former-evangelical-republican-warns-the-religious-rights-support-of-trump-will-harm-christianity_partner/)

Angelia R. Wilson & Cynthia Burack, "'Where Liberty Reigns and God is Supreme': The Christian

Right and the Tea Party Movement,' *New Political Science*, Vol 34:2 (2012), pp. 172-190,

Kimberly Conger, 'A Matter of Context: Christian Right Influence in US State Republican Parties,' *State Politics and Policy Quarterly*, Vol 10: 3 (2010), pp. 248-269.

## **Week Twelve: The Alt-Right and Authoritarianism in the Age of Trump**

In recent years, US politics has seen the growth of what many commentators have labelled the Alt-Right. This broad label encompasses various political tendencies and organizations that are to the right of the Republican Party and traditional conservatives. Such groups include a rogues' gallery of white supremacists, Neo-Confederates, conspiracy theorists, Anti-Semites, Neo-Nazis, militia organizations and men's rights groups. Worryingly, their resentments and hatreds are being increasingly mainstreamed and tolerated, if not encouraged, by establishment Conservatives. In this lecture we examine the sources of this renewed vigor on the Far-Right, and discuss its relationship to Trump and the Republican Party more generally.

### **Reading:**

George Hawley, *The Alt-Right: What Everyone Needs to Know* (New York: Oxford University Press, 2019), pp. 4-30.

Karen Stenner and Jonathon Haidt, 'Authoritarianism is Not a Momentary Madness, But an Eternal Dynamic Within Liberal Democracies' in Cass R. Sunstein (ed) *Can it Happen Here: Authoritarianism in America* (New York: Harper Collins, 2018), pp. 175-220.

## **Week Thirteen**

This final week will be devoted summarizing the unit and preparing for the online exam.

**Students will also find the following resources useful.**

### **Useful Journals**

- *Political Science Quarterly*
- *Political Perspectives*
- *The Nation*
- *Presidential Studies Quarterly*
- *American Historical Review*
- *American Political Science Review*
- *American Journal of Political Science*
- *Diplomatic History*
- *Foreign Affairs*
- *Foreign Policy*

- *International Organization*
- *International Security*
- *International Studies Quarterly*
- *International Studies Review*
- *Journal of Cold War History*
- *Journal of Conflict Resolution*
- *Journal of Politics*
- *Millennium*
- *Security Studies*
- *Survival*
- *The National Interest*
- *World Politics*

### Useful Websites

- <http://www.census.gov/>
- <https://www.pewresearch.org/>
- <http://www.gallup.com/home.aspx>
- <http://www.electionstudies.org/>
- <https://www.realclearpolitics.com/>
- <http://international.nytimes.com/>
- <http://www.washingtonpost.com/>
- <Http://meria.biu.ac.il/research-g/us-policy.html> [Internet Resources on American Foreign Policy]
- [www.gwu.edu/](http://www.gwu.edu/) [see link on 'national security archive']
- [www.opendemocracy.net](http://www.opendemocracy.net)
- [www.zmag.org](http://www.zmag.org)
- [www.politics1.com](http://www.politics1.com)
- [www.americanpolitics.com](http://www.americanpolitics.com)
- [www.americanempireproject.com](http://www.americanempireproject.com)
- [www.newamericancentury.org](http://www.newamericancentury.org)
- [www.datagold.com/empire-ip](http://www.datagold.com/empire-ip)
- [www.wilsoncenter.org](http://www.wilsoncenter.org)
- [www.bbc.co.uk](http://www.bbc.co.uk)
- [www.brookings.edu](http://www.brookings.edu)
- [www.politico.com](http://www.politico.com)

## Unit Schedule

Week	Date	Lecture	Tutorial	Assessment
1	27 July	Introduction: Money, Culture, Power and US Exceptionalism	American exceptionalism, liberalism, capitalism, religion	None
2	3 Aug	Explaining the 2016 US Election	The Electoral College, Federalism and Congress; the election results; explaining the results	None
3	10 Aug	Elections, Campaigns and Campaign Financing	Assembling winning electoral coalitions; segmenting the electorate; the science of successful campaigning; Campaign Finance - can money predict winners?	None
4	17 Aug	The Republican Party	The Party of Lincoln to the Party of Trump: How did we get here?	None
5	24 Aug	The Democratic Party	The Party of Roosevelt to the Party of Clinton: How did we get here?	First essay due 28 August
6	31 August	Post Racial or Most Racial?	The long shadow of slavery and white supremacy; Civil Rights and White Backlash; the politics of changing ethnic demographics; the Obama Presidency and the foundations of Trumpism; coloured disenfranchisement	None
7	7 Sept	The New Jim Crow: Race, Incarceration and (in)Justice	The colour of mass incarceration; the War on Drugs; 'Broken windows' and zero tolerance; the New Jim Crow; Militarizing Police; Black Lives Matter	None
8	28	Race, Class and the Destruction of the Welfare State	New Deal/Great Society and its Dismantling; Reagan and welfare retrenchment; (Bill) Clinton and welfare retrenchment; Bush and welfare retrenchment; Consequences for Race and Class	Major Essay due, 2 Oct
9	5 Oct	Political Emotions in the Age of Post-Truth Politics	Transcending the rational actor view of politics; Emotions trump facts; Collectivizing emotions and making them public and political; the political emotions of masculine, white nationalism - fear, humiliation, rage and hatred	None
10	12 Oct	Political Emotions, Media and Social Media	Mechanisms of mediated emotional contagion; Talk radio, Fox News and the politics of outrage; political polarization and social media; the emotional politics of Donald Trump	None
11	19 Oct	The Religious Right	The emotional and political power of organized religion; Protestant Nation?; the 'Born Again' Republican Party; the politics of pro-life and pro-choice; why did evangelicals support Trump in record numbers?	None
12	26 Oct	The Alt Right	What is the Alt Right and where did it come from? White nationalism and the politics of extremism; Traditional Conservatives and the Alt Right; Trump and the Alt Right	None

13	2 Nov	Summary and Exam preparation	Summary and Exam preparation	None
----	-------	------------------------------	------------------------------	------

## Policies and Procedures

Macquarie University policies and procedures are accessible from [Policy Central](https://staff.mq.edu.au/work/strategy-planning-and-governance/university-policies-and-procedures/policy-central) (<https://staff.mq.edu.au/work/strategy-planning-and-governance/university-policies-and-procedures/policy-central>). Students should be aware of the following policies in particular with regard to Learning and Teaching:

- [Academic Appeals Policy](#)
- [Academic Integrity Policy](#)
- [Academic Progression Policy](#)
- [Assessment Policy](#)
- [Fitness to Practice Procedure](#)
- [Grade Appeal Policy](#)
- [Complaint Management Procedure for Students and Members of the Public](#)
- [Special Consideration Policy](#) (**Note:** *The Special Consideration Policy is effective from 4 December 2017 and replaces the Disruption to Studies Policy.*)

Students seeking more policy resources can visit the [Student Policy Gateway](https://students.mq.edu.au/support/study/student-policy-gateway) (<https://students.mq.edu.au/support/study/student-policy-gateway>). It is your one-stop-shop for the key policies you need to know about throughout your undergraduate student journey.

If you would like to see all the policies relevant to Learning and Teaching visit [Policy Central](https://staff.mq.edu.au/work/strategy-planning-and-governance/university-policies-and-procedures/policy-central) (<https://staff.mq.edu.au/work/strategy-planning-and-governance/university-policies-and-procedures/policy-central>).

## Student Code of Conduct

Macquarie University students have a responsibility to be familiar with the Student Code of Conduct: <https://students.mq.edu.au/study/getting-started/student-conduct>

## Results

Results published on platform other than [eStudent](#), (eg. iLearn, Coursera etc.) or released directly by your Unit Convenor, are not confirmed as they are subject to final approval by the University. Once approved, final results will be sent to your student email address and will be made available in [eStudent](#). For more information visit [ask.mq.edu.au](https://ask.mq.edu.au) or if you are a Global MBA student contact [globalmba.support@mq.edu.au](mailto:globalmba.support@mq.edu.au)

## Student Support

Macquarie University provides a range of support services for students. For details, visit <http://students.mq.edu.au/support/>



## Learning Skills

Learning Skills ([mq.edu.au/learningskills](http://mq.edu.au/learningskills)) provides academic writing resources and study strategies to help you improve your marks and take control of your study.

- [Getting help with your assignment](#)
- [Workshops](#)
- [StudyWise](#)
- [Academic Integrity Module](#)

The Library provides online and face to face support to help you find and use relevant information resources.

- [Subject and Research Guides](#)
- [Ask a Librarian](#)

## Student Services and Support

Students with a disability are encouraged to contact the [Disability Service](#) who can provide appropriate help with any issues that arise during their studies.

## Student Enquiries

For all student enquiries, visit Student Connect at [ask.mq.edu.au](http://ask.mq.edu.au)

If you are a Global MBA student contact [globalmba.support@mq.edu.au](mailto:globalmba.support@mq.edu.au)

## IT Help

For help with University computer systems and technology, visit [http://www.mq.edu.au/about\\_us/offices\\_and\\_units/information\\_technology/help/](http://www.mq.edu.au/about_us/offices_and_units/information_technology/help/).

When using the University's IT, you must adhere to the [Acceptable Use of IT Resources Policy](#). The policy applies to all who connect to the MQ network including students.