Contents

General Information 2
Learning Outcomes 4
General Assessment Information 5
Assessment Tasks 5
Delivery and Resources 9
Unit Schedule 10
Policies and Procedures 11
Graduate Capabilities 13
Feedback 17
Final Exam Assessment Info 18
Prizes 18

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General Information
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Room</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit convenor and teaching staff</td>
<td>Adam Joyce</td>
<td><a href="mailto:adam.joyce@mq.edu.au">adam.joyce@mq.edu.au</a></td>
<td>14SCO (E7B) 214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Lab manager</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lecturer and Tutor</td>
<td>Mark Wardle</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mark.wardle@mq.edu.au">mark.wardle@mq.edu.au</a></td>
<td>7WW (E6B) 2.702</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convenor and Lecturer and Tutor and Experimental Lab Tutor</td>
<td>Jason Twamley</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jason.twamley@mq.edu.au">jason.twamley@mq.edu.au</a></td>
<td>7WW (E6B) 2.612</td>
</tr>
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<td>7WW (E6B) 2.610</td>
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<td>Python Lab</td>
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<td>7WW (E6B) 2.206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tutor</td>
<td>Lee Spitler</td>
<td><a href="mailto:lee.spitler@mq.edu.au">lee.spitler@mq.edu.au</a></td>
<td>7WW (E6B) 2.608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Python Lab</td>
<td>Joanne Dawson</td>
<td><a href="mailto:joanne.dawson@mq.edu.au">joanne.dawson@mq.edu.au</a></td>
<td>7 WALLY'S WALK, ROOM 2.604</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Lab Tutor</td>
<td>Lachlan Rogers</td>
<td><a href="mailto:lachlan.rogers@mq.edu.au">lachlan.rogers@mq.edu.au</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>David Spence</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="mailto:david.spence@mq.edu.au">david.spence@mq.edu.au</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Credit points 3
Learning Outcomes

To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.

To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.

To explain the continuum limit of discrete oscillators as the basis of wave motion, and to predict basic wave phenomena.

To gain of an understanding of the wave function formalism of quantum wave mechanics, the physical motivations behind this formalism, and its use to solve a range of basic problems.

To develop laboratory skills, in undertaking experiments, presenting and analysing the results and drawing conclusions based on the results.

To develop programming skills in the Python languages and apply it in an laboratory setting.
**General Assessment Information**

This unit has a hurdle requirement, specifying a minimum standard that must be attained in the final exam. To pass this unit you must obtain a mark of at least:

- 50% in the unit overall

as well as

- 40% in the final examination

and

- 40% in each assessable task in the laboratory (practical and numerical).

and

- must not miss more than four in-tute tests.

**Assessment Tasks**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
<th>Hurdle</th>
<th>Due</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Final exam</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>University Examination Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laboratory workbook</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>See Unit Schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Numerical lab</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>See Unit Schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In Tutorial Tests</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2-13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Final exam**

Due: **University Examination Period**

Weighting: **45%**

This is a hurdle assessment task (see [assessment policy](#) for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)

You should have a scientific calculator for use during the final examination. Note that calculators with text retrieval are not permitted for the final examination.

The final examination is a hurdle requirement. You must obtain a mark of at least 40% in the final exam to be eligible to pass the unit. If your mark in the final examination is between 30% and 39% inclusive, you may be given a second and final chance to attain the required level of performance; the mark awarded for the second exam towards your final unit mark will be capped at 40%, and you will be allowed to sit the second exam only if this mark would be sufficient to pass the unit overall.

You are expected to present yourself for the final examination at the time and place designated in the University examination timetable. The timetable will be available in draft form approximately eight weeks before the commencement of examinations and in final form.
annually four weeks before the commencement of examinations.

If you receive special consideration for the final exam, a supplementary exam will be scheduled in the interval between the regular exam period and the start of the next session. By making a special consideration application for the final exam you are declaring yourself available for a resit during the supplementary examination period and will not be eligible for a second special consideration approval based on pre-existing commitments. Please ensure you are familiar with the policy prior to submitting an application. You can check the supplementary exam information page on FSE101 in iLearn (bit.ly/FSESupp) for dates, and approved applicants will receive an individual notification one week prior to the exam with the exact date and time of their supplementary examination.

If you are given a second opportunity to sit the final examination as a result of failing to meet the minimum mark required, you will be offered that chance during the same supplementary examination period and will be notified of the exact day and time after the publication of final results for the unit.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
- To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.
- To explain the continuum limit of discrete oscillators as the basis of wave motion, and to predict basic wave phenomena.
- To gain of an understanding of the wave function formalism of quantum wave mechanics, the physical motivations behind this formalism, and its use to solve a range of basic problems.

Laboratory workbook

Due: See Unit Schedule
Weighting: 10%

This is a hurdle assessment task (see assessment policy for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)

Second Year Physics Laboratories are found in 14SCO (E7B) 217. You should enter from the northern veranda on the second level of 14SCO.

The laboratory component of this unit consists of three experiments illustrating oscillations in mechanical and electrical systems.

If you miss a laboratory, you should apply for disruption of studies, or make up the missed lab by arrangement with the Lab manager.

Laboratory Experiments
Each experiment will be recorded in a laboratory notebook which you must provide for the first laboratory session. In the laboratory notebook you will log your activity in the laboratory, including the activities of your partner, sketches of your laboratory, preliminary data and everything else needed to understand (and potentially repeat) your activities during lab time. You need to add a final report on the experiment, including your data analysis, error analysis, outcomes and interpretation of the experimental results. You can take your laboratory notebook home to add the final report. Both the laboratory log and the final report of each experiment will be marked each week. The final report in your laboratory notebook may be brief, but must include:

- Title of the experiment,
- Date performed and name of partner,
- Aims and Methods of the Experiment Results,
- Calculations, graphs, error estimates etc.,
- Comparison with theory, as necessary.
- The answers to any questions found in the notes and any comments that you think may help your report and clarify matters for the marker.

We ask you to write your reports with proper sentences and paragraphs. You should also pay special attention to details such as measurement uncertainties, labelling axes of graphs, using appropriate headings and tabulating results.

The Laboratory demonstrators may also meet briefly, during the lab period, with each student for a short period (~5-minutes), to discuss their progress, and in particular, to discuss their development in executing laboratory experiments and in their notebook writeups. This will help the student understand better any assessment comments made in their notebooks or advice on their performance of the experiments.

**Laboratory Safety**

A condition of entry to the laboratory is thorough knowledge of the safety requirements in the laboratory. Students should revise these and they should be observed during all laboratory sessions. The safety aspects of the laboratory can be found in the front of the PHYS 201 Laboratory Notes and also on posters in the laboratory.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
- To explain the continuum limit of discrete oscillators as the basis of wave motion, and to predict basic wave phenomena.
- To develop laboratory skills, in undertaking experiments, presenting and analysing the results and drawing conclusions based on the results

https://unitguides.mq.edu.au/unit_offerings/96042/unit_guide/print
Numerical lab

Due: See Unit Schedule  
Weighting: 15%

This is a hurdle assessment task (see assessment policy for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)

Python is a modern programming language that is incredibly useful for scientific and engineering tasks. There will be seven weeks of python instruction. The first three weeks of labs will introduce Python’s syntax and structure as well as some of its numerical and scientific libraries. The final four weeks of labs will make use of Python skills developed earlier to tackle case studies in modelling oscillatory and quantum systems. Each session will be assessed.

On successful completion you will be able to:

- To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
- To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.
- To explain the continuum limit of discrete oscillators as the basis of wave motion, and to predict basic wave phenomena.
- To gain of an understanding of the wave function formalism of quantum wave mechanics, the physical motivations behind this formalism, and its use to solve a range of basic problems.
- To develop laboratory skills, in undertaking experiments, presenting and analysing the results and drawing conclusions based on the results.
- To develop programming skills in the Python languages and apply it in a laboratory setting.

In Tutorial Tests

Due: 2-13  
Weighting: 30%

This is a hurdle assessment task (see assessment policy for more information on hurdle assessment tasks)

Tutorials will commence in Week 2. There will be a twenty-minute test during each tutorial from week 2 to week 13. The tests will be based on the material covered in the previous week and in that tutorial. You are required to do at least 8 quizzes from the total of 12. This is a hurdle requirement. We will choose the best eight quiz marks out of 12 to contribute 30% of your final mark. These tests aims to give students the opportunity to solve problems that require an in-depth understanding of the course material.
On successful completion you will be able to:

- To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
- To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.
- To explain the continuum limit of discrete oscillators as the basis of wave motion, and to predict basic wave phenomena.
- To gain of an understanding of the wave function formalism of quantum wave mechanics, the physical motivations behind this formalism, and its use to solve a range of basic problems.

**Delivery and Resources**

**Technology used and required**

**Unit web page**

The web page for this unit can be found at [http://ilearn.mq.edu.au](http://ilearn.mq.edu.au)

Please check this web page regularly for announcements and material available for downloading. Some learning resources for the unit will be provided in hardcopy rather on-line.

**Required and Recommended Texts and/or Materials**


There is no single text book for the second half of the course. Recommended reading includes, the above text, as well as


11. **QUANTUM PHYSICS** for Beginners in 90 Minutes without Math: All the major ideas of quantum mechanics, from quanta to entanglement, in simple language

12. **No-Nonsense Quantum Mechanics**: A Student-Friendly Introduction, Jakob Schwichtenberg,


**Teaching and Learning Strategy**

This unit is taught through lectures and tutorials. We strongly encourage students to attend lectures because they provide a much more interactive and effective learning experience than studying a textbook. Questions during and outside lectures are strongly encouraged in this unit - please do not be afraid to ask, as it is likely that your classmates will also want to know the answer. You should aim to read the relevant sections of the textbook before and after lectures and discuss the content with classmates and lecturers.

You should aim to spend 3 hours per week working on tutorial problems and exercises. You may wish to discuss these problems with other students and the lecturers. This guided study in your own time is one of the key learning activities for this unit. It is by applying knowledge learned from lectures and textbooks to solve problems that you are best able to test and develop your skills and understanding of the material.

The experimental aspects of the unit require students to attend laboratories where they will be expected to set up experiments, take data, analyse the data within the context of the physical phenomena that are being studied, maintain a laboratory log-book, and report on their findings in clearly written laboratory reports.

**Unit Schedule**

**Schedule of assessable tasks and related materials**

**Lecture schedule**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule</th>
<th>Lecturer</th>
<th>Topic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weeks 1-2</td>
<td>Mark Wardle</td>
<td>Examples of the use of the physics covered in this unit in modern contexts, including nanoscience. General overview of weeks 1-4. Simple harmonic motion, energy of oscillations, superposition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeks 2-3</td>
<td>Mark Wardle</td>
<td>Damped harmonic motion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeks 3-4</td>
<td>Mark Wardle</td>
<td>Forced oscillation, resonance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 5</td>
<td>Mark Wardle</td>
<td>Coupled oscillations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeks 6-7</td>
<td>Mark Wardle</td>
<td>Transverse wave motion, wave equations and solutions, reflection and transmission at boundaries. Standing waves, wave groups, group velocity, bandwidth theorem.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Policies and Procedures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Instructor</th>
<th>Topic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weeks 7</td>
<td>Jason Twamley</td>
<td>Interference from 2 sources, 2 slit interference (Young’s interference), interference from a linear array of N equal sources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 8</td>
<td>Jason Twamley</td>
<td>Huygens wavelets and Huygens-Fresnel Principle, Fraunhofer diffraction through a slit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 9</td>
<td>Jason Twamley</td>
<td>Einstein-de Broglie equations, the wave function, Uncertainty principle, size of H atom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 10</td>
<td>Jason Twamley</td>
<td>2 slit interference and wave-particle duality, the Born probability interpretation of the wave function, probability theory interlude.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 11</td>
<td>Jason Twamley</td>
<td>Infinite 1-D potential well, Schrödinger’s wave equation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 12-13</td>
<td>Jason Twamley</td>
<td>Harmonic oscillator, evolution of quantum states in the Harmonic Oscillator and the potential step.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Laboratory experiments
The laboratory sessions are held in 14SCO (E7B) 217 in weeks 5, 6, 8, and 9. The experiments are described below.

- **Coupled oscillators (2 weeks)**
  - The mechanical oscillator (1 week)
  - Resonance and Q in electric circuits (1 week)

Python numerical lab
The classes are held in 14SCO (E7B) 209 during weeks 2-4, 10-13, Python is a modern programming language that is incredibly useful for scientific, engineering, and data analysis tasks. The first four weeks of labs will introduce Python’s syntax and structure as well as some of its numerical and scientific libraries. The final three weeks of labs will make use of Python skills developed earlier to tackle case studies in modelling oscillatory and quantum systems.

Policies and Procedures
Macquarie University policies and procedures are accessible from Policy Central (https://staff.mq.edu.au/work/strategy-planning-and-governance/university-policies-and-procedures/policy-central). Students should be aware of the following policies in particular with regard to Learning and Teaching:

- Academic Appeals Policy
- Academic Integrity Policy
- Academic Progression Policy
- Assessment Policy

https://unitguides.mq.edu.au/unit_offerings/96042/unit_guide/print
• Fitness to Practice Procedure
• Grade Appeal Policy
• Complaint Management Procedure for Students and Members of the Public
• Special Consideration Policy (Note: The Special Consideration Policy is effective from 4 December 2017 and replaces the Disruption to Studies Policy.)

Undergraduate students seeking more policy resources can visit the Student Policy Gateway (https://students.mq.edu.au/support/study/student-policy-gateway). It is your one-stop-shop for the key policies you need to know about throughout your undergraduate student journey.

If you would like to see all the policies relevant to Learning and Teaching visit Policy Central (https://staff.mq.edu.au/work/strategy-planning-and-governance/university-policies-and-procedures/policy-central).

Student Code of Conduct

Macquarie University students have a responsibility to be familiar with the Student Code of Conduct: https://students.mq.edu.au/study/getting-started/student-conduct

Results

Results published on platform other than eStudent, (eg. iLearn, Coursera etc.) or released directly by your Unit Convenor, are not confirmed as they are subject to final approval by the University. Once approved, final results will be sent to your student email address and will be made available in eStudent. For more information visit ask.mq.edu.au or if you are a Global MBA student contact globalmba.support@mq.edu.au

Student Support

Macquarie University provides a range of support services for students. For details, visit http://students.mq.edu.au/support/

Learning Skills

Learning Skills (mq.edu.au/learningskills) provides academic writing resources and study strategies to improve your marks and take control of your study.

• Workshops
• StudyWise
• Academic Integrity Module for Students
• Ask a Learning Adviser

Student Enquiry Service

For all student enquiries, visit Student Connect at ask.mq.edu.au

If you are a Global MBA student contact globalmba.support@mq.edu.au
Equity Support
Students with a disability are encouraged to contact the Disability Service who can provide appropriate help with any issues that arise during their studies.

IT Help
For help with University computer systems and technology, visit [http://www.mq.edu.au/about_us/offices_and_units/information_technology/help/](http://www.mq.edu.au/about_us/offices_and_units/information_technology/help/).

When using the University's IT, you must adhere to the Acceptable Use of IT Resources Policy. The policy applies to all who connect to the MQ network including students.

Graduate Capabilities
Commitment to Continuous Learning
Our graduates will have enquiring minds and a literate curiosity which will lead them to pursue knowledge for its own sake. They will continue to pursue learning in their careers and as they participate in the world. They will be capable of reflecting on their experiences and relationships with others and the environment, learning from them, and growing - personally, professionally and socially.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

- To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
- To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.
- To explain the continuum limit of discrete oscillators as the basis of wave motion, and to predict basic wave phenomena.
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- To develop laboratory skills, in undertaking experiments, presenting and analysing the results and drawing conclusions based on the results

Assessment tasks

- Final exam
- Laboratory workbook
- Numerical lab
- In Tutorial Tests
Problem Solving and Research Capability

Our graduates should be capable of researching; of analysing, and interpreting and assessing data and information in various forms; of drawing connections across fields of knowledge; and they should be able to relate their knowledge to complex situations at work or in the world, in order to diagnose and solve problems. We want them to have the confidence to take the initiative in doing so, within an awareness of their own limitations.

This graduate capability is supported by:

**Learning outcomes**

- To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
- To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.
- To explain the continuum limit of discrete oscillators as the basis of wave motion, and to predict basic wave phenomena.
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- To develop programming skills in the Python languages and apply it in an laboratory setting

**Assessment tasks**

- Final exam
- Laboratory workbook
- Numerical lab
- In Tutorial Tests

Creative and Innovative

Our graduates will also be capable of creative thinking and of creating knowledge. They will be imaginative and open to experience and capable of innovation at work and in the community. We want them to be engaged in applying their critical, creative thinking.

This graduate capability is supported by:

**Learning outcomes**

- To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.

To gain of an understanding of the wave function formalism of quantum wave mechanics, the physical motivations behind this formalism, and its use to solve a range of basic problems.

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To develop programming skills in the Python languages and apply it in an laboratory setting.

**Assessment tasks**

- Final exam
- Laboratory workbook
- In Tutorial Tests

**Effective Communication**

We want to develop in our students the ability to communicate and convey their views in forms effective with different audiences. We want our graduates to take with them the capability to read, listen, question, gather and evaluate information resources in a variety of formats, assess, write clearly, speak effectively, and to use visual communication and communication technologies as appropriate.

This graduate capability is supported by:

**Learning outcome**

- To develop laboratory skills, in undertaking experiments, presenting and analysing the results and drawing conclusions based on the results.

**Assessment tasks**

- Final exam
- Laboratory workbook

**Capable of Professional and Personal Judgement and Initiative**

We want our graduates to have emotional intelligence and sound interpersonal skills and to demonstrate discernment and common sense in their professional and personal judgement. They will exercise initiative as needed. They will be capable of risk assessment, and be able to handle ambiguity and complexity, enabling them to be adaptable in diverse and changing environments.

This graduate capability is supported by:
Learning outcome

• To develop laboratory skills, in undertaking experiments, presenting and analysing the results and drawing conclusions based on the results

Discipline Specific Knowledge and Skills

Our graduates will take with them the intellectual development, depth and breadth of knowledge, scholarly understanding, and specific subject content in their chosen fields to make them competent and confident in their subject or profession. They will be able to demonstrate, where relevant, professional technical competence and meet professional standards. They will be able to articulate the structure of knowledge of their discipline, be able to adapt discipline-specific knowledge to novel situations, and be able to contribute from their discipline to inter-disciplinary solutions to problems.

This graduate capability is supported by:

Learning outcomes

• To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
• To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.
• To explain the continuum limit of discrete oscillators as the basis of wave motion, and to predict basic wave phenomena.
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• To develop laboratory skills, in undertaking experiments, presenting and analysing the results and drawing conclusions based on the results

Assessment tasks

• Final exam
• Laboratory workbook
• Numerical lab
• In Tutorial Tests

Critical, Analytical and Integrative Thinking

We want our graduates to be capable of reasoning, questioning and analysing, and to integrate and synthesise learning and knowledge from a range of sources and environments; to be able to critique constraints, assumptions and limitations; to be able to think independently and systemically in relation to scholarly activity, in the workplace, and in the world. We want them to have a level of scientific and information technology literacy.
This graduate capability is supported by:

**Learning outcomes**

- To appreciate how oscillatory dynamics is ubiquitous in the physical world and to be able to formulate a basic description of the oscillatory behaviour regardless of system.
- To derive and solve the mathematical description of oscillatory behaviour including damped, driven, and coupled systems.
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**Assessment tasks**

- Final exam
- Laboratory workbook
- Numerical lab
- In Tutorial Tests

**Feedback**

**Student Liaison Committee**

The Physics Department values quality teaching and engages in periodic student evaluations of its units, external reviews of its programs and course units, and seeks formal feedback from students via focus groups and the Student Liaison Committee. Please consider being a member of this committee, which meets once during the semester (lunch provided), with the purpose of improving teaching via student feedback. The class will be asked to nominate two students as representatives for the PHYS201 unit on the student liaison committee. This nomination process will be conducted during lectures and the lecturer will forward the names to the Head of Department. The SLC meetings are minuted and student representatives receive copies of the minutes from the two preceding SLC meetings prior to the meeting. An update on the responses that have been made by the department to the feedback obtained at the two preceding SLC meetings are reported by the Head of Department at the beginning of each SLC meeting. These responses are also minuted. The feedback is acted upon in a number of ways mostly initiated via Department of Physics and Astronomy meetings, where decisions on actions are taken.
Final Exam Assessment Info

The final exam will contribute 45% to the overall unit assessment.

The final examination is also a hurdle requirement. You must obtain a mark of at least 40% in the final exam to be eligible to pass the unit. If your mark in the final examination is between 30% and 39% inclusive, you may be given a second and final chance to attain the required level of performance; the mark awarded for the second exam towards your final unit mark will be capped at 40%, and you will be allowed to sit the second exam only if this mark would be sufficient to pass the unit overall.

If you receive special consideration for the final exam, a supplementary exam will be scheduled in the week of July 15-26 2019. By making a special consideration application for the final exam you are declaring yourself available for a resit during the supplementary examination period and will not be eligible for a second special consideration approval based on pre-existing commitments. Please ensure you are familiar with the policy prior to submitting an application. Approved applicants will receive an individual notification one week prior to the exam with the exact date and time of their supplementary examination.

If you are given a second opportunity to sit the final examination as a result of failing to meet the minimum mark required, you will be offered that chance during the same supplementary examination period and will be notified of the exact day and time after the publication of final results for the unit.

Prizes

The Dick Makinson prize is awarded for proficiency in 200-level units in physics (including certain 200-level electronics units) totalling no less than 9 credit points. All students (day, part time or evening) are eligible for the prize. The Makinson prize takes the form of a certificate and cheque for $150.